

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 21, 1914

**FOR SALE**—An extension dining room table, nearly as good as new; will sell at half price. Enquire at residence, corner Normal avenue and Prentice street. A. J. Kuhl, w2

**NOTICE**—I will teach anyone the barber trade in a few weeks and put them to work at good wages. This is a bonafide offer. Write me. A. H. Moler, Pres., Moler System of Colleges, 314 Prairie St., Milwaukee.

**FOR SALE**—Residence, 8 rooms, and one lot at 308 Fremont street, for sale at a bargain. Write to M. J. Cauley, 11 Clinton street, Wausau, Wis., or telephone The Gazette. 12

Mrs. N. B. Hackett is spending a few days among relatives and friends at Columbus.

Chas. H. Cashin left for Madison last Monday to devote a couple of days to law business in federal court.

J. B. Sullivan has been at Madison this week, going down to attend a state convention of master plumbers.

Miss Clara Collins returned Saturday afternoon from Wausau, where she visited several days at Louis Dessert's home.

Miss Lilly Putz of Fond du Lac spent Monday in the city, a guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Smith.

Mrs. John Ray went to Ripon Tuesday morning for a visit of several days at the home of her brother, V. O. Treanore.

Dr. J. M. Bischoff left for Milwaukee last Saturday afternoon, going from here to Chicago to spend a day or two on business.

Henry Gross of Wausau visited among friends in this city for a couple of days previous to this evening, when he returned home.

Mrs. C. von Neupert and daughter, Miss Frances, have been spending a couple of days in Milwaukee, intending to return tomorrow.

Miss Genevieve Sterwood and Loretta Springer, who attend the Normal, are both out of school and at their respective homes with the nuns.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Danner, A. C. Gasman, Geo. W. Allen, John E. and L. A. Pomeroy were here from Amherst Tuesday on business matters.

Dr. J. W. Hird will be away from his office during the month of February. Parties wishing appointments, please call in January or after March 1st.

Miss Helen Straub left for her home at Grand Haven, Mich., on Monday after spending some time visiting her sister, Mrs. A. W. Carlo, on Plover street.

Mrs. Hans Holmstrom of Wittenberg and Mrs. Ed. Loberg of Nelsonville visited a few days with their niece and cousin, Mrs. E. G. Reeder, on Pine street.

All kinds of hard and soft wood and best qualities of hard and soft coal will be delivered promptly. T. Olsen, office corner of Water and Mill streets. Phone 54.

Fred Craig left today for a visit among relatives at Thorp, Eau Claire and Augusta, including two brothers and a sister, and expects to be away for several weeks.

Mrs. H. E. Rice of Bemidji, Minn., who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Cartmill and other relatives and friends in the city, returned to her home the last of the week.

David S. Weltman, who went to California last fall and has since been at Los Angeles and other places, has returned to his home in this city and will remain here indefinitely.

Mrs. H. J. Finch submitted to an operation for appendicitis at St. Michael's hospital last Friday morning, and is already well on the road to recovery, her friends are pleased to know.

Mrs. Augusta Joseph has received information of the fact that she became a "double grandma" last Friday, when a boy and a girl were born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Joseph in Milwaukee.

Mrs. S. B. Carpenter spent Tuesday at Waupaca and was accompanied as far as that city by her sister, Mrs. Wm. McMullin of N. Fond du Lac, who had been visiting here and at Spencer.

The ladies of the Social Union of the Presbyterian church are planning a concert, to be given Friday evening, January 30th, by some of our best local talent. Watch for the program in next week's issue.

The stockholders of the Stevens Point Fair Association will meet at the county board rooms at the court house next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, at which time all members are urged to be present.

Alex Bergholte, Jr., has gone to St. Paul and will devote the next six weeks to learning the art of window trimming at a school conducted there. For the past several years he has been employed as clerk at Rothman's.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice J. Hannan have returned from their wedding trip of about ten days to Milwaukee, Green Bay and other points and are now at home at the residence of the latter's sister, Mrs. A. G. Green on Main street.

J. J. Normington and little daughter spent a few hours at Amherst last Saturday, going from there to Green Bay, where they spent Sunday with his mother, who has been ill for many months with dropsy and is gradually growing weaker.

Miss Margaret Glennon is spending a couple of weeks at Sacred Heart Sanitarium in Milwaukee, leaving for that place last Saturday forenoon. Mrs. N. Gross, who has been there a little over two weeks, is doing nicely and is pleased with her surroundings.

Miss Ruth Owen, daughter of W. F. Owen, leaves this week for Janesville to accept a position as teacher in the schools of that city. On Friday evening last Miss Owen was tendered a most enjoyable surprise by a number of young lady friends, games being played, after which refreshments were served.

L. P. Moen went to Plainfield this morning to spend a couple of days in that vicinity on business.

Ray Corlett of Milwaukee is visiting a few days at the home of his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Corlett on Main street.

Wm. Gaulke and C. W. Rickman of the town of Grant and Wm. Goldberg of Grand Rapids were business visitors to the city today.

Mrs. Mary Somers of Fancher spent last week with Mrs. John Kutella on 4th avenue and with Mrs. Steve Okonek and other friends.

A daughter was born to Dr. and Mrs. D. S. Rice, at their home on Main street, last night. They now have a "full house," three daughters and two sons.

Fred Schneider was down from Wausau last week for a brief visit at the home of his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Wakefield, and to meet many friends.

Mrs. Catherine Krembs left for Milwaukee Tuesday morning, to spend a couple of weeks with her granddaughter, Miss Margaret Glennon, at Sacred Heart Sanitarium.

Miss Irene Whitney left here Monday night for Hominy, Oklahoma, where she is employed as a stenographer. The young lady had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Whitney, since the holidays.

Mrs. D. W. Harrington of Milwaukee visited girlhood friends in this city last Monday while on her way home from Grand Rapids. Mrs. Harrington is remembered by many of our people as Miss Margaret McGregor.

Otto Beck, a former resident of this city, but whose postoffice address is now Bradley, Oneida county, near which place he is a successful tiller of the soil, has been visiting among friends here for a couple of days on a business trip.

The Stevens Point Laymen's Association will meet in the Gault hall of the Church of the Intercession at 8 o'clock this evening, at which time a musical program will be rendered and addresses delivered. Refreshments will also be served.

Mrs. W. S. Carr of Menasha and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Harry Carr of Chicago, Pa., were in town a few hours Monday while on their way to the first named city's home. Mrs. Carr's daughter, Mrs. Fred Auermiller of Marshfield, also visited here Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Marland and Frank J. Nettek were Milwaukee visitors for a couple of days the last of the week, going down to attend the sixth annual convention of the Wisconsin Electrical Association, the attendance being large and the play made being the finest ever shown in the state.

The ladies of St. Stephen's church will serve a ten cent coffee at the Knights of Columbus hall Thursday afternoon and evening. The ladies in charge are Mesdames Geo. T. Wakefield, H. J. Puffer, Frank Peckert, G. M. Hurler, J. B. S. Johnson, W. S. Powell, J. J. Heffron and Miss Mary Tack.

Miss Ruth Ross, who is teaching at Weyauwega, spent Sunday and Monday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Ross on Plover street, and was accompanied by Misses Linderman, Peterson, Henderson, Stutz, Post, Porter and Wauve, most of whom are teachers, and will be entertained.

Ed. Hintz of this city paid a fine and costs amounting to \$25.57 in municipal court on Monday, having been arrested by Deputy Game Warden Jay Kelsey and W. A. Cile on Sunday, charged with spearing fish through the ice in Love Creek, town of Plover, having a tent or covering to shield himself from the wintry blasts.

The members of St. Mary's congregation near Custer held a business meeting after the church service last Sunday morning and elected R. G. Breitenstein as secretary and John Dineen treasurer. The financial condition of this congregation is very good, every pew holder having paid his indebtedness on or before Jan. 1st.

Fred Timm, manager of the Milwaukee Automobile Club's country home on the Blue Mound road, just outside of the Cream City, came up Tuesday for a day's visit with his mother and sister. He went from here to Edgar for a short business trip. Fred is well satisfied with life in Milwaukee and shows evidence of prosperity.

The parents of Mike Przbylski, the young fellow who had been at work at the paper mills and was picked up in a demented condition, being taken to the Northern asylum later, want to get the boy home and offer to pay all expenses. His condition is said to be due to excessive cigar smoking, and it is probable he will soon fully recover.

V. Betlach spent Sunday afternoon and night at Merrill, going up more especially to visit his father-in-law, Nicholas Schmidt, who is in very poor health. The latter gentleman is 84 years of age and of late has been failing fast. Mr. and Mrs. Schmidt were former residents of this city but have lived with their daughters at Merrill for the past twenty years.

Mrs. Alois Gross and Mrs. Geo. Hoffman returned Monday afternoon from a visit at Edgar and Wausau. They were called to the first mentioned place last week by the death of their niece, a baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Jonas. The little one was born last spring but had never been well, its ailment being diagnosed as stoppage in one of the arteries.

Mrs. W. S. Powell is the recipient of a very interesting letter from Mrs. Sickelsteel, who is temporarily in Chicago, and in which she states that she is nicely situated on Kenwood avenue in Woodlawn. Altho Mrs. Sickelsteel has been ill since going to Chicago, she is now able to be about again. Her son, Frank, is employed in the Illinois Central office, securing the Illinois revenue influential friends.

Rev. John Kitowski of Foley, Minn., who spent a part of the summer visiting his brother, Louis D. Kitowski, in this city, having been granted a vacation from his duties on account of ill health, was heard from a few days ago, his letter being dated in December and was written from the Fiji Islands. From there he intended to visit Australia, New Zealand and other countries and islands in the South Pacific. He indicated a material improvement in health.

Judge Park and Court Reporter Morse left for Grand Rapids the first of the week, where court is in session.

A blacksmith looking for work or desiring a better position will do well to call on or write C. J. Lawton, Amherst, Wis.

N. Jacobs boarded this morning's train for Waukesha to take the mud baths at the celebrated Moor Bath Co. resort. He will be gone a week or more.

Mrs. D. E. King left for her home in Eau Claire on Tuesday, after spending the past three weeks as a guest of Mrs. N. Kalaschinsky and Mrs. L. D. Kitowski.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Atkinson and Miss Irene Wojak were visitors at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Atkinson, in LaCrosse, the first of the week.

Wm. Ariens of Junction City and C. J. Miller of Waupaca were among the stockholders from outside the city who attended the Stevens Point Brewing Co. meeting last evening.

Mrs. Jennie Myers leaves on the limited Sno train tonight for her home at McKinley, Minn. She has been spending several weeks with relatives and friends in this city and vicinity.

Mrs. Frank King of New London and little son, Willie, returned home Saturday after having visited with Mrs. King's mother, Mrs. W. C. Paterson and sister, Mrs. Fred Schilling in Almond.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Ringness now occupy their new home at 425 Strong's avenue, recently purchased from Miss Julia Minnebeck. The latter lady expects to leave here next Friday for Rochester, N. Y., to remain permanently.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Goldstein, who were recently married in this city, have returned from their wedding trip to spend the week at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fisher in this city, before leaving for their future home in Saskatoon, Canada.

The postoffice clerks and carriers will undoubtedly be greeted by a large attendance at their first annual ball to be given at Empire Amusement hall next Friday evening. The committee on arrangements consists of F. J. Bond, E. H. Harriman, C. W. Eagleburg and E. A. Love, and Weber's orchestra will furnish music.

Willis E. Langenberg, who has been with Robertson & Schwarz, one of Milwaukee's leading brick concerns, for over a year, arrived in the city on an early train last Sunday morning to spend the day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Langenberg and other relatives and friends. Willis holds the position as city representative, but expects to go on the road for the same firm.

W. J. Branta and little daughter, are in Milwaukee today, going down to attend the wedding of a relative. They were accompanied by Mrs. Branta's mother, Mrs. J. Urbanik, who had been spending a couple of weeks here. Before returning home, W. J. will stop at Oshkosh and attend a stockholders' meeting of the Oshkosh Pneumatic Hub Co., makers of punctureless tires for automobiles.

The rumor was generally circulated about town that Miss Julia Schuster, for ten years a waiter at Hotel Jacobs, had died at Seattle, Wash. Miss Schuster went west several months ago and for a time was feeling poorly, but one of her young lady friends received a letter only a few days ago containing the pleasing information that Julia was in good health and plans on returning to Stevens Point soon.

Regent Geo. B. Nelson and Pres. John F. Sims spent Saturday at Madison, where the matter of location of a dormitory to be erected by the state during the coming year, was brought up, but no definite action taken. Two buildings will be erected, one to be located at Oshkosh, and the second will be either at Stevens Point or La Crosse, that matter to be decided at a future meeting, and naturally we wish to win.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Maltby have moved to the city from Oakdale and expect to make Stevens Point their permanent home, residing for the present at least with their daughter, Mrs. J. N. Welsby on Main street. Mr. Maltby was postmaster at Oakdale for sixteen years, resigning last August, and was town clerk, school treasurer and justice of the peace for many years. The Gazette joins in extending a hearty welcome to the worthy couple as residents of our city.

Chas. M. Chamberlain returned last week from Milwaukee to look after local business interests. It will be remembered that Mr. Chamberlain was married in the Cream City Dec. 24th to Mrs. Florence Berry. He has not as yet fully decided on his future location but if he can dispose of his paint and wall paper store at the South Side, may make his home in the state metropolis. Mrs. Chamberlain's son, Howard E. Berry, is Milwaukee representative for a printers' supply house.

3001.

Report of the Condition

The First National Bank

At Stevens Point.

In the State of Wisconsin, at the close of business Jan. 13, 1914.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$513,901.19
Bonds.....	472,621.07
Real Estate and Fixtures.....	17,734.68
Cash on hand and in Banks.....	318,112.80
Due from U. S. Treasurer.....	3,750.00
Total.....	\$1,326,119.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital.....	\$100,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits.....	36,924.49
Circulating notes.....	75,000.00
Deposits.....	1,114,195.25
Total.....	\$1,326,119.74

State of Wisconsin, County of Portage, ss.

I, J. W. DUNEGAN, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. DUNEGAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of Jan., 1914.

JOSEPH SCHORTTELL, Notary Public.

My commission expires June 7, 1914.

CONNECT-Attest:

A. R. WERN,

P. J. JACOBS,

H. H. PAGEL,

R. H. JOY,

Directors

Pres. John F. Sims and Prof. John Phelan visited the rural observation school at Custer today.

C. H. Phillips, the Amherst meat dealer, was a visitor to this city last night and this morning.

## Report of the Condition of the Wisconsin State Bank

Located at Stevens Point, Wisconsin  
At the close of business on the 1st day of Dec., 1913, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts.....	\$ 183,136.26
Overdrafts.....	71.75
Bonds.....	11,440.00
Stocks and other securities.....	1,054.51
Banking house.....	7,000.00
Furniture and fixtures.....	7,706.06
Due from approved reserve banks.....	7,965.15
Exchanges for clearing house.....	1,469.12
Cash on hand.....	10,928.32
Total.....	\$ 174,714.01

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund.....	\$ 5,000.00
Undivided profits.....	199.21
Due to banks—deposits.....	1,043.05
Deposits unpaid.....	165.00
Individual deposit subject to check.....	\$7,944.00
Demand certificates of deposit.....	40.00
Time certificates of deposit.....	71,413.66
Savings deposits.....	13,544.87
Total.....	\$ 174,714.01

State of Wisconsin, County of Portage, ss.

I, J. B. Robertson, President of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. ROBERTSON, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of Jan., 1914.

A. H. HENNINGSON, Notary Public.

My commission expires Sept. 20, 1917.

Correct-Attest:

J. R. ANDERSON,

HENRY HAYES,

Directors.

## MANY MEN GET MAD



When they see the size of their laundry bill and note the condition of their linen when the wash comes back from the laundry. Our way of doing the work and our charges for doing it are equally pleasing to our many patrons. We take the greatest care of the linen entrusted to us, cleanse it thoroughly, give it the proper gloss, deliver it promptly and make but a reasonable charge for all.

**Normington Bros.**  
Launderers and Dry Cleaners

Telephone 380

## Begin The New Right Year

By Opening an Account at This Bank

If You Have No Bank Account, Let Us Fit You Out. Even though you begin in a small way, so that you add to the amount regularly, the result will astonish you. Deposit your surplus in this bank and at the end of the year 1914 you will experience an amount of satisfaction undreamed of before. Do you know where you stand?

We want to emphasize how important it is to you to know always just how you stand in your financial affairs. The New Year is a good time to start in right. The most practical way to keep track of your money matters is to carry a checking account in this bank and pay all your bills by check. In this way you have a record of your expenses; you always know just how much money you have on hand, and the fact that you have a bank account will lead to watching your expenses more carefully and you will save money by so doing.

We pay three per cent interest on savings accounts and certificates. You can open a savings account in this strong bank with one dollar or more. You intend to save—start NOW. All business confidential.

## First National Bank

OF STEVENS POINT, WIS.

CAPITAL and SURPLUS \$125,000

Established in 1883

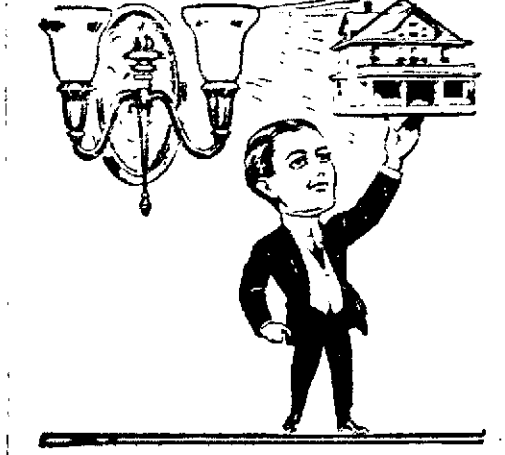
U. S. Depository

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Ellis returned to Waupaca Veterans' Home this morning, where they are very pleasantly located on the first floor of Marston Hall. They were called here Monday by the illness of their son's wife, Mrs. Thos. Ellis, on Luxon street, whose condition was very serious but she is much better today.

Mrs. Frank Oberst has gone to Waukesha to visit a few days with her mother.

At a meeting of stockholders of the Wisconsin State bank, held last evening, H. O. Halverson, L. R. Anderson, Henry Haertel, F. H. Timm and E. B. Robertson were elected as directors.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Maine, who have been spending several weeks at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Hugo Kiel, in Milwaukee, returned several days ago on account of the illness of another daughter, Mrs. H. J. Finch, who underwent an operation last Friday and is doing very nicely. Mrs. Kiel and little daughter are also here for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Maine will return to the Cream City later.



## THE HOUSE ON YOUR HANDS

will sell much quicker and easier if it be furnished with stylish and artistic fixtures. A few dollars so invested will yield a splendid return. To know exactly what are the best fixtures to buy, come and consult us. We will gladly give you the benefit of our advice and of our splendid assortment.

**J. B. SULLIVAN & CO.**

## Andrae's--The Store That Leads

WE WILL AT ALL TIMES OFFER YOU SPECIAL VALUES AT PRICES THAT PLEASE ALL.

THIS Week We Put on Sale some Merchandise that we feel will interest you both as to Quality and Price.

Every housekeeper desires to have her home looking neat and comfortable, and to please the woman who appreciates her home

WE PLACE ON SPECIAL SALE ALL OUR INGRAIN CARPETS AT THE MOST EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

75c All Wool Ingrain Carpets in pretty colors and dainty designs, Special per yard at **55c**

Women's 35c Fleece Lined Hose; an excellent quality. Special per pair at **27c**

Boys' 65c Home Knit Wool Hose; we have them in all sizes. Special per pair at **43c**

Remnants of All Kinds. You may select one or more that pleases you as they are now displayed on the bargain counters, and they are marked at **Half Price**

## Andrae's--The Store That Leads



AMHERST.

A. J. Luce was in Weyauwega Saturday.  
Wm. Loftis of Lanark was in town Friday.  
Thad Jones of Waupaca was in town Friday.  
Moses Leary of Custer was in town Thursday.  
A. L. Rounds autoed to Iowa last Saturday.  
Carl Haertel of Stevens Point was in town Saturday.  
Gust Bobbe of Dorchester is visiting relatives in town.  
Miss Carrie Starks was an over Sunday guest at home.  
Miss Nellie Gustin spent Sunday with friends at Meehan.  
Mrs. A. P. Een returned from Milwaukee the last of the week.  
Peter Rasmussen of Blaine attended the institute here Friday.  
John Gray of Buena Vista attended the institute last Friday.  
Neal Crostue of Scandinavia transacted business here Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Mike Dusel of Stockton attended the institute Thursday.  
Soo line passenger conductor John Leary of Stevens Point was in town Thursday.  
Mrs. A. R. Lea of Waupaca came up Saturday to visit her daughter, Mrs. J. L. Moberg.  
Miss Bessie Wilson, who has been ill the past three weeks is again able to be about.  
Miss E. T. Johnson spent Sunday with her niece, Mrs. Odine Christianson at Nelsonville.  
Mr. and Mrs. Claus Swendson of Arnott were guests at Mrs. E. Johnson's last Thursday.  
Myron Harrington of Waupaca spent Sunday and part of Monday with friends in the village.  
Mrs. G. A. Manthey of Minneapolis spent a few days the last of the week with Mrs. L. A. Pomeroy.  
Mr. and Mrs. M. O'Keefe of Arnott attended the farmers' institute and cooking school here Friday.  
Mrs. F. Ellinger, Mrs. Geo. Starks and Mrs. M. P. Kjer of Amherst Junction visited here between trains Friday.  
Aug. Stoltz has sold his farm of 75 acres near Lime Lake to Geo. Maxwell for \$6,800. Mr. Maxwell will take possession about March 1st.  
Mrs. C. H. Tourville, formerly of Wauwau, Wis., is visiting friends in town. C. H., who is a traveling salesman, also spent Sunday here.  
The annual meeting of the Portage County Protective Association will be held in the village of Amherst on Monday, Feb. 2d, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.  
The Amherst Telephone Co. met in annual meeting at the opera house on Tuesday and selected the following officers:  
President—Marcus Hanson.  
Vice Pres.—A. L. Rounds.  
Secretary—L. J. Carey.  
Treasurer—C. P. Somers.  
The farmers' institute held here Thursday and Friday drew large crowds both days. It was conducted by E. Nordmark of Polar, assisted by W. P. Bussey of Omro, Prof. E. J. Delwiche of Ashland, L. E. Scott of Stanley and Supt. Geo. McKerron of Madison. Miss Nellie Maxwell of Neenah conducted a cooking school in the Iverson building, which was well attended by ladies far and near.

CUSTER.

Wm. Cauley, Sr., spent Monday at Amherst.  
Hubert Kluck spent the week end at his home on the farm.  
George Somers transacted business in Stevens Point, Saturday.  
Joseph Doyle has returned from a visit with his brother, John, in Lanark.  
Prof. Phelan spent Tuesday and Thursday at the rural observation school.  
Hazel Cauley spent Saturday in Stevens Point with her cousins, the Misses Cauley.  
James Lewis, Richard Breitenstein and Michael Barnach attended the annual meeting of the Amherst Telephone Co., at Amherst, Monday.  
The students who are spending this week at the observation school are Loretta Springer, Christina Bannach, and Misses Bremmer and O'Connor.

BANCROFT.

Geo. Felch is numbered with the sick.  
Rev. James Calverley of Norwalk, Wis., spent Sunday at the Wm. Krake home.  
Miss Escher Felch spent Saturday at Plainfield with her sister, Mrs. Morris Burgess.  
We omitted to mention last week that Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Valentine are rejoicing over the arrival of a son.  
Miss Marie Radcliffe arrived here Saturday from Milwaukee and spent Sunday with her parents and other relatives.  
It is reported that Mable, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Skeel, had the misfortune to break her arm while at play last Saturday.  
There will be a box social at the home of Mrs. H. A. Sawyer next Friday evening, Jan. 23, for the benefit of the church. Everyone is invited to come.  
Rev. O. V. Wheeler of Wauwatosa preached at the Baptist church last Sunday morning and in the evening gave an illustrated lecture to a large crowd, there being hardly standing room. Everyone present enjoyed the pictures.

FLOVER.

John Gurney spent a few days in Chicago last week.  
Walter Barnsdale spent a few days in Chicago last week.  
Ella Plank of Almond visited over Sunday with Maude Woodbury.  
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Skinner, Tuesday, Jan. 20th, a daughter.  
Mrs. Ellen Baker is visiting in Milwaukee with her son, Jos. H. Baker.  
Emil Rossier, who is suffering with an attack of pneumonia, is some better.  
Sam Dunsaven of Waupaca is visiting with friends and relatives here a few days.  
The Excelsior Band met with Ethel Powers last Saturday evening and report a very enjoyable time.  
Mrs. Geo. Yorton was called to Randolph, Monday, by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Clark.

Mrs. Jennie Myers of Stevens Point was an over Sunday visitor with her sister, Mrs. W. R. Washburn.  
Lyle Washburn and wife of Baker, Mont., are visiting with relatives here, intending to remain until April.

BUENA VISTA.

Dr. Grant was in our vicinity last Sunday.  
Frank Smith was a Grand Rapids caller last week.  
Bennie Tracy has purchased a fine new driving horse.  
Quite a few from here attended the dance at Will Barden's last Friday evening, and report a fine time.  
Carl Olson of Wild Rose, well known in this district, left Wednesday for Pelican Lake, where he will spend the winter.  
Those of our district numbered among the sick are Mrs. Johnnie Boushley and Edna, Frances and Viola Boushley.  
Mrs. Frank King and son, Willie, who have been visiting in our vicinity, returned to their home in New London last Friday.  
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Patterson of Bancroft, one day last week, a baby daughter. Mr. Patterson is well known in this vicinity.  
Miss Olive Adams's many friends will be glad to know that she is getting along nicely at St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac and is expected home Friday.  
Mrs. Wm. Patterson, who has spent the past week in Stevens Point, caring for her daughter, Gertrude, who has been very sick, returned home Saturday. Miss Gertrude's many friends will be pleased to learn that she is on the gain.  
Last Sunday eve there was seen in our district, a little fellow with cheeks of red and hair of darkish brown. On one hand he wore four signet rings and on the other an opal. Anyone seeing this young gentleman in the near future would think he represented some large jewelry firm.

PLAINFIELD.

J. A. Blair was an auto visitor to New London Monday.  
Mrs. Nellie Campbell has been on the sick list this week.  
Mrs. Eva Marshall returned Monday from a visit at Neillville.  
W. H. Ragan of Bancroft was a business visitor here Monday.  
W. J. Smith returned Friday from a business trip to Stevens Point.  
C. O. Goult and family were guests of relatives at Almond Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Krohn of Almond were Plainfield visitors Saturday.  
Miss Celia Hughes of Stevens Point is a guest of Mrs. A. M. Youngs.  
Burton Fox of Plover spent Tuesday and Wednesday with relatives here.  
Rex and Fred Rathemmel took in the sights of the Windy City this week.  
J. M. Spear transacted business at Chicago the fore part of this week.  
B. J. Walker and family of Almond were Sunday guests of relatives here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bratley were guests of relatives at Big Flats Sunday.  
C. R. Barker left Friday for Oswego, Kansas, where he has a position.  
Mrs. Frank Rathemmel has been a guest of relatives at Westfield the past week.  
Mrs. Emma Scule went to Montello Friday where she visited at the M. M. Smart home.  
Vere Burrows has been visiting his friend, J. R. Dailey at Hammond, Ind., this week.  
Miss Valeria Fox returned Tuesday from a several weeks' visit at her home at Meehan.  
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mergelle of Hanover were Sunday guests at the Skeel home here.  
Albert Hendricks arrived here Tuesday from an extended stay in the northern part of the state.  
Mrs. Argeline Summers has gone to the Veterans' Home at Waupaca where she has a position as nurse.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Smith left Friday for Beaver Dam on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith, Jr.  
Frank Erickson, who has been sick some time, was pleasantly remembered by his friends Friday with a post card shower.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jackson, who have been living at the W. T. Clark home, moved to their cottage in Bancroft last week.  
Miss Lillie Johnston and Mrs. Nina Johnston arrived home Tuesday from their western trip. They report a very enjoyable time.  
Mrs. Elizabeth Portin has been under the care of a physician for the past ten days, suffering from a severe attack of heart trouble.  
Mrs. J. A. Hubbard left here Wednesday evening of last week to attend the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. Calvin Chaffee at Rhinelander.  
Mrs. Willis Word went to Milwaukee last week Tuesday and was operated on for abscess in the side at a hospital there. She is improving nicely.  
Mrs. Otto Shipley was taken to Portage Monday for an operation for appendicitis. She was accompanied by her husband and Dr. Early of Hancock.  
M. S. Walker, Buchanan Johnson, Dr. Jensen and Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Rawson attended the "Doodle Bug" at Stevens Point Thursday evening of last week.  
Mrs. W. H. Fields was a Portage visitor Saturday. On her return she was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. C. W. Hamilton and little son of Madison, who are enjoying a visit here.  
Ernest Dorwin arrived here from Calvin, North Dakota, the latter part of last week, and has been a guest of Miss Nellie Eastling. They spent from Saturday till Tuesday as guests of L. W. Eastling and family at Manawa.  
While Eben S. Hunt of Coloma and Al. Leavitt of this village were out with a livery team Friday, the pole strap broke and the horses ran away, turning the buggy upside down. Both men were somewhat injured. The team was stopped by men down the street.

A Card.

Through the medium of The Gazette we desire to express our heartfelt thanks to the many kind neighbors and friends who did so much during the short illness and after the death of our dear lamented husband and father, Geo. Herrmann.  
Mrs. Geo. Herrmann and Children.

STEVENS POINT NORMAL.

Personal and Other Notes Gathered by The Gazette's Special Correspondent.

Prof. Ames leaves for Junction City, Saturday morning, where he will do institute work.  
President John F. Sims will go to Friendship, Saturday, January 24th, to conduct an institute.  
Prof. Hyer and Miss Schrode have been absent from school the past week on account of illness.  
Miss Nellie Cook of this city, a graduate of the Normal in 1913, has been engaged as primary teacher at Weyehausen.  
Owing to Mr. Hyer's illness, Prof. Phelan conducted the institute at Chilton last Saturday. His subject was "History and Economics."  
Prof. Herrick was invited by Mr. Sawyer to speak to the farmers of Junction City, last Friday evening. He spoke on "Is Farming a Profession?"  
In his class in arithmetic, Mr. Ames is showing devices for drill in the fundamentals of arithmetic. These are very practical and instructive and good results are expected.  
Miss Helen Parkhurst will leave for Rome, Italy, early in February to take up work in the Montessori school. Miss Prudence Cutwright will have charge of the primary work during her absence.  
The following is a list of Normal students who left last week, with the names of the places at which they are to teach: Dorothy Meltz, Withey; Eleanor Benson, Wabeno; Lillia Johnson, Eau Claire.

The members of the Senior class in cookery under the direction of Miss Allen are giving practical demonstrations of one half hour each before the class, Mondays and Fridays. These are open to the public.

The Sub-Freshmen were entertained by Miss Brewster at the home of Mrs. Giles, Friday evening. Miss Abbie Sullivan carried off the honors in a game of anagrams. Light refreshments were served.

President J. F. Sims and Dr. Allison attended the committee meeting at Madison last week, which was to decide the location of a dormitory, but no decision was made. There will be another hearing February 2nd.

Saturday, January 17th, school was in session owing to the fact that we were allowed to go home two days earlier than usual for the Christmas vacation. The extra day was made up the Saturday before Christmas.

The Grand Rapids High school basketball team will play the Normal first team in the Normal gymnasium next Friday evening at 8 o'clock. A good game is promised, as the Grand Rapids team has made a good record so far this season.

The rural school seniors are starting to observe at the observation school at Custer, which is under the supervision of Miss Rockwell. The students that observed last week were Joseph Palmer, Bruno Vetter, Valarian Zewert and Hubert Kluck.

A spread was given in honor of Miss Lillia Johnson by the Y. W. C. A. girls, Thursday evening, at the home of Mrs. Griffith, on Ellis street. All those present reported a good time and departed wishing Miss Johnson all success in her work.

The Neillville Co. A basketball team was defeated by the Normal firsts last Saturday evening. It was reported as one of the best games ever played on the Normal floor. The local Boy Scouts succeeded in defeating the Normal Seconds by a score of 22 to 27.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Friday, Jan. 23

THOS. A. EDISON'S

GENUINE TALKING PICTURES

TRUE TO LIFE IN VOICE AND ACTION

EDISON'S OWN COMPANY

ALL NEW PROGRAM NEVER SHOWN HERE

Vaudeville Comedy Grand Opera Drama

See and Hear

"Merchant of Venice"  
"Chimes of Normandy"  
"Caught in the Act"  
"In a Spanish Garden"  
"Mrs. Murphy's Horseshoe"  
"German Singing Society"

THE FAMOUS "SIGNOR CHAMPANARI" Caruso's Only Equal from N. Y. Metropolitan Opera in "CARMEN"

Prices - 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c

Scene from The German Singing Society in Edison's Talking Pictures



At Grand Opera House, one night, Friday, Jan. 23d

OUR MARKETS.

Grain and feed quotations are given us by telephone every Wednesday noon by the Jackson Milling Co. Emaild. Bedach furnishes prices on meats, butter, eggs, etc. Krems Hdw. Co. prices on hay and Wisconsin Produce Company on potatoes. Farmers and buyers can depend upon them.

Ricebnd.	1.00
Patent Flour	1.00
Graham Flour	1.00
Rye Flour	1.00
Wheat	1.00
Rye 50 pounds	1.00
Oats	1.00
Wheat Middlings	1.00
Rye Middlings	1.00
Feed	1.00
Brans	1.00
Corn	1.00
Corn Meal	1.00
Butter	1.00
Eggs	1.00
Chickens	1.00
Turkeys	1.00
Lard	1.00
Hams	1.00
Mess Pork	1.00
Mess Beef	1.00
Hogs, live	1.00
Hogs, dressed	1.00
Beef, live	1.00
Beef, dressed	1.00
Hay timothy	1.00
Potatoes	1.00

FOR SALE—Seven room house, barn and two lots. Corner Mathilda and Warner streets. Enquire 806 Clark street. M. H. Ward.

(1st pub. Jan. 21—ins 3)

COUNTY COURT NOTICE—State of Wisconsin—In the matter of the estate of David Hoffman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the county court to be held in and for said county, at the court house, in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, on the third Tuesday (being the 17th day) of February, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as such matter can be reached, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Anton Hoffman for the appointment of Anton Hoffman of the town of Grant, or some other suitable person as administrator of the estate of David Hoffman, late of town of Grant, in said county, deceased.

Dated this 24th day of January A. D. 1914.

JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.

W. F. Owen, Attorney for the Petitioner.

Special Sale Is Now On

COMMENCING LAST MONDAY MORNING AND CONTINUING THROUGHOUT JANUARY WE HOLD A SPECIAL SALE OF

New Undermuslins



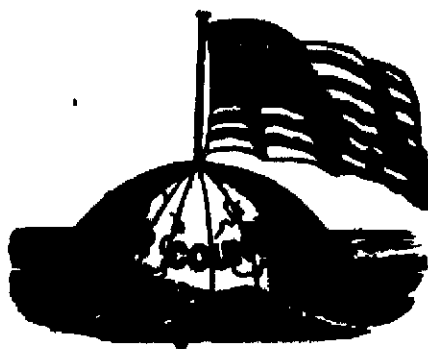
Lot A--25 cents Lot B--48 cents  
Lot C--75 cents  
Lot D--98 cents Lot E--\$1.25

The above illustrations are only a glimpse of the rare values and special novelties that await you at our store.

COME IN AND SEE THE DISPLAY. YOUR TRADE IS APPRECIATED HERE.

MOLL - GLENNON CO.





STEVENS POINT, WIS., JANUARY 21, 1914.

## DEAD IN JAPAN NOW TOTAL 7,000

Ashes and Lava Cover Isle and Its Bodies.

### WHOLE CITIES ARE BURIED

President Wilson Appeals to the American People, Through the Red Cross, for Funds to Assist the Japanese.

Nagasaki, Japan, Jan. 17.—Five thousand of the 12,000 inhabitants of the island of Sakura, where the Sakurajima volcano is located, have been accounted for. The fate of the other 7,000 is unknown. One hundred thousand people who live on the mainland are homeless and the railroad for 230 miles distant is blocked with stones and lava. It is reported that some of the stones are as big as houses.

Kagoshima, Jan. 17.—A relief party reports that in four villages of Sakurajima, 1,000 households were destroyed and buried in lava by Sakurajima's first eruption. Villages on the coast are still burning. The villages of Arimura and Yokohama were exterminated.

Washington, Jan. 17.—President Wilson issued an appeal to the American people as president of the American Red Cross for funds to assist the people of Japan. The appeal says:

"Our sister nation of Japan is suffering from two very serious disasters. The failure of crops in the northeastern part of that country has brought hundreds of thousands of persons face to face with the terrible misery of slow starvation and in the southwestern islands of Kiushiu a sudden volcanic eruption has carried death and desolation to large numbers."

"I appeal to the humanity of our American people that they may give expression to their sympathy for the suffering and distress of so many of their fellow men by generous contributions for their aid."

"Such contributions can be made to the local Red Cross treasurers or sent directly to the American Red Cross, Washington, D. C."

Col. Robert M. Thompson, chairman of the executive committee of the Navy League, started a subscription list with \$1,250.

Tokio, Jan. 16.—Official reports of the volcano-earthquake disaster in southern Japan brought out the following features:

The small island of Sakurajima is covered with lava and ashes, in places several feet deep. Beneath this mantle lie the bodies of many persons whose number probably will never be known. Estimates of the dead must include a large number of refugees, who were drowned while trying to swim from Sakurajima to the city of Kagoshima. Kagoshima, a town of 60,000 is in ruins. Stone buildings collapsed under the hot ash. Simultaneous with the eruption of the volcano of Sakurajima there occurred an eruption of Yagatata, which threw a cloud of ashes over Matsumoto.

The eruption of Sakurajima is gradually subsiding. A heavy rainfall is clearing the atmosphere and thus assisting the work of relief. The entire island of Kiushiu, 3,000 square miles, is covered with volcanic ash in varying depths.

Scientists declare the worst is over, adding that the eruption of the volcanoes served as a vent for acute subterranean activity and probably saved the country from more disastrous earthquakes. At Kumamoto, north of Kagoshima, are more than 1,000 refugees. The whole tragedy has not yet been told.

The city of Tokio and surrounding territory, although 500 miles from the volcanic disturbances, were swept in the last 24 hours by miniature tornadoes, filling the city with clouds of dust and sand and creating the belief that the capital was feeling the effects of the distant eruptions. A feeling of relief prevailed at night when the wind died down.

Sakura, where the greatest loss of life undoubtedly occurred, cannot be visited, because the eruptions of Sakurajima continue. Troops and warships are in that region and a search of the island will be made at the first opportunity.

Kagoshima, the nearest big city to Sakurajima, while it suffered great damage from the earthquakes, does not appear to have experienced severe loss of life.

All Americans who were in the stricken region are safe. Word to this effect was received from Carl F. Reichman, American consul at Nagasaki. Several American missionaries were stationed at Kagoshima.

Washington, Jan. 16.—President Wilson cabled the emperor of Japan the sorrow and sympathy of the American people over the volcanic disaster. Emperor Yoshihito cabled Japan's "sincerest thanks" in return.

### MRS. HENRY C. STUART



Mrs. Henry C. Stuart will become the first lady of Virginia on February 2, when her husband will be inaugurated governor of that state. Before her marriage Mrs. Stuart was Miss Margaret Carter of the famous Virginia family of Carters.

### PROSPERITY DINNER HELD BY NOTABLES AT MEMPHIS

Business Men, Railroad Officials, Bankers and Many Others Attend Banquet.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 17.—Many men, members of the Business Men's club, and their guests, dined at the Hotel Chilesen, at the prosperity dinner Thursday. Addresses predicting good times were made.

Gen. Luke E. Wright, former secretary of war and ex-ambassador to Japan, presided as toastmaster. At the table with him sat H. T. Mudge, president of the Rock Island system; W. C. Nixon, chief operating official of the Frisco lines, James Keeley, general manager of the Chicago Tribune, J. E. Gorman, vice-president of the Rock Island lines; W. L. Mapother of the Louisville & Nashville railroad; H. F. Smith, vice-president of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railway; B. F. Bush, president of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain lines; Blewett Lee, general counsel of the Illinois Central; M. H. Smith, president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad; W. L. Parks, vice-president of the Illinois Central; W. B. Biddle, one of the Frisco receivers; H. E. W. Palmer, general counsel of the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph company; W. R. Dawes of Chicago, vice-president of the Central Trust company; J. H. Peyton and R. V. Taylor, vice-president and general manager of the Mobile & Ohio railroad, and many local celebrities.

Instead of being watered, railroad stocks today look like a lemon after a circus, asserted Mr. Lee in speaking on "Belated Punishment of Railroads." He said watered stock and high-handed methods of railroads were things of the past generation and did not belong to the present day. Mr. Lee added:

"The American people want to be well served and are willing to pay for it. I have an idea they are not going to put up with the kind of service they get from a lot of railroad companies on the edge of receiverships. They will in due time rebuke the short-sighted and foolish statesmen who have brought low this great industry and inoculated with slow poison the life-blood of business."

### NAVAL DESERTERS END LIVES.

Youths Found Shot to Death in Chicago Hotel.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Fear of the consequences of their act is believed to have caused Earl Bostwick, twenty-two years old, Fort Dodge, Ia., and E. A. Buchanan, seventeen years old, 626 East Thirty-eighth street, deserters from the Great Lakes naval training station at Lake Huron, to end their lives in the Grant Park hotel, 700 South Michigan avenue. Both had bullet wounds in their right temples when the bodies were found. The two apprentices deserted from the training station last Tuesday, according to Capt. George R. Clark, the commandant.

## MOYER AND AIDS ARE INDICTED

Miners' Head Held for Conspiracy in Copper Strike.

### ANTILLA ALSO IS CAUGHT

First Count Charges Plot to Prevent "By Force of Arms" Pursuit of Vocations by Workmen—Labor Leader Not Surprised.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 17.—Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, was indicted on Thursday for conspiracy, together with other officials of the federation in connection with the copper strike.

The first count of the indictment charges conspiracy to prevent by force and arms the pursuit of their vocations by employees of the mining companies. The bill against Moyer and the other officials of the federation charged a misdemeanor.

The presentment embracing the true bills was made to Judge P. H. O'Brien in circuit court here. The court was told that none of the men accused of felonies was in custody and their names were kept secret for some time.

John E. Antilla, secretary of the Calumet union, was indicted for conspiracy, the court announcing that this bill charged a misdemeanor and therefore could be made public.

The jury exonerated H. Stuart Goodell, an oil merchant, of complicity in one of the strike shooting affrays. The indictment against Antilla included the charges against Charles H. Moyer, president; C. E. Mahoney, vice-president; Guy E. Miller, Yarrow Terzich, J. C. Lowmyer and W. P. Davidson, members of the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners. In addition Lynn Sullivan, William Rickard, Ben Goggia, Frank Altonen, Charles E. Hietala and other local union leaders were named, the list including 39 individuals.

The second count was similar to the first, but the charge was broadened to include all classes of workmen in the third count it was charged that the union men had, by their conspiracy and attempts to intimidate, interfered with the rights and property of non-union men. The jury made no reference to the Moyer deportation, so far as could be learned.

Coupled with its exoneration of Mr. Goodell was a "no bill" in the cases of 27 members of the union residing near South Range.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 17.—Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, and other federation officers in Denver, were notified that they had been indicted on charges of conspiracy by the grand jury which has been in session at Calumet, Mich. "I am not surprised," said Moyer. "We expected such action from the grand jury. Nine of the grand jurors are members of the Citizens' alliance, the organization which was responsible for the assault made on me and for my deportation from the strike district. 'I will return to Houghton in a few days'."

### WILLIAMS NAMED TO SENATE.

President Nominates Him Comptroller of the Currency.

Washington, Jan. 16.—President Wilson sent the name of John Skelton Williams, assistant secretary to the treasury, to the senate as comptroller of the currency.

The nomination was determined upon at a conference between President Wilson and Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo. It is expected that a fight will be made upon the nomination in the senate as Mr. Williams has many opponents among the southern senators.

### CASH AND WIFE ARE GONE.

Youth, Who Spent \$65,000 in Year, May Lose Spouse.

St. Louis, Jan. 17.—Richard J. Howard, who has spent \$65,000 since he was twenty-one, a year ago, declared that he was "broke" and that his show girl bride, Dorothy Dale, stepdaughter of Della Fox, would have to be content with love in a cottage if she should return to him. Young Mrs. Howard and her traveling companion, Margaret Flave, checked their baggage out of the Windemere hotel and talked of going back to New York.

### MORE ON COLD DEATH LIST.

Thirteen in All Succumb to Weather in and About New York.

New York, Jan. 16.—Relief from the most severe cold spell that this city has experienced in 15 years is in sight. Rising temperatures abated somewhat the suffering in the streets, but during the day the weather was so cold that six persons succumbed to exposure, bringing the death list for the city and vicinity up to 13 since the frigid wave arrived.

### PROF. HIRAM BINGHAM



Prof. Hiram Bingham of Yale, director of an exploring expedition under the auspices of the National Geographic society and Yale university, in a report just made public tells of the discovery by his party of the ruins of the walled city of Machu Picchu in the Peruvian Andes. The city, he says, is perched upon a mountain top in a most inaccessible corner of the Urubamba river country and is flanked on all sides by precipitous slopes. The party was led to the place by an Indian. The ruins are said to be the most important yet discovered in South America.

### PASSENGERS ARE TAKEN OFF STRANDED LINER

Nearly 100 Persons Carried to Safety From Steamer Cobequid Despite Cold and High Seas.

Yarmouth, N. S., Jan. 16.—Snatched from what seemed almost certain death 96 passengers and crew of the royal mail packet Cobequid are snug in Yarmouth harbor. Eleven of the crew and captain remained on the ship.

All, however, suffered greatly from the intense cold. Most of them were frostbitten and every one showed the effects of exposure to zero weather. When the rescue ships reached docks here many of their passengers had to be carried to the hotel. For 26 hours after the vessel struck seas broke over it continuously and it was coated with ice.

Benumbed with cold and dazed by their long ordeal, few of the rescued could give an intelligent account of their experiences.

One of the officers of the Cobequid said:

"The ship struck at six o'clock Tuesday morning while we were trying to locate the lightship off the Lurcher shoal. In the blinding snowstorm which prevailed we overshot the mark and brought up on the southeast end of Trinity ledge."

"Immediately after the ship struck we had sent out an 'S O S,' which was picked up by the Cape Sable wireless station. Later, with the engine-room flooded, our operators had to depend entirely on the auxiliary storage batteries. Then the gale carried away the deck connections of the aeriels. A temporary connection, which proved unreliable, was fixed up, but an hour later this, too, was wrecked.

"Early in day the Canadian Northern liner Royal St. George, outward bound from St. John, picked up our feeble cry and the rescue followed."

### TANGO BARRED BY THE POPE.

Ban Against New Dance Published in Official Organ.

Rome, Jan. 17.—Cardinal Basilio Pompili, vicar general of Rome, representing the pope, has issued a pastoral letter denouncing the tango and also certain newspapers, theatrical performances and fashions, which he declares are perverting souls.

"The tango, which has already been condemned by illustrious bishops, and is prohibited even in Protestant countries," says the cardinal, "must be absolutely prohibited in the seat of the Roman pontiff, the center of the Roman Catholic religion."

The cardinal urges the clergy courageously to raise voice "in defending the dangers threatening and the overwhelming immorality of the new paganism."

Besides, he warns parents that if they do not protect their children from corruption they will be guilty before God of failure in their most sacred duties.

### MORGAN'S LEAD FOLLOWED.

Head of Railroad Quits Bank Post in Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 16.—The widespread agitation against interlocking directorates induced Milton H. Smith, president of the Louisville & Nashville railway, to resign as a director of the National Bank of Commerce here.

## 11 SAILORS TRAPPED

LIEUTENANT AND TEN MEN GO DOWN WHEN SUBMARINE "A 7" GOES TO BOTTOM.

### OCCURS DURING MANEUVERS

Efforts Made to Bring Vessel to Surface Before Oxygen Supply on Board Is Exhausted and Crew Suffocated.

Plymouth, England, Jan. 19.—Desperate efforts were made on Friday to rescue Lieutenant Welman of the British navy and a crew of 11 men from submarine "A 7" which sank during maneuvers in Whitsand bay.

Whether the men are dead or alive had not been established on Friday, but navy officials here expressed the opinion that all had perished.

The exact spot where the little vessel sank has not been definitely fixed. The "A 7," in company with the "A 8" and "A 9," made a plunge about while engaged in maneuvers. Its sister ships came to the surface at the end of the maneuvers, but nothing has been seen of the "A 7" since it opened its valves and dived.

When the officers of the other vessels realized that their sister boat was in distress they sent out signals for aid. Rescue boats were immediately rushed to the vicinity where the "A 7" went down. They threw out grappling irons and dragged the bay until darkness set in but their efforts were fruitless.

The "A 7" was in charge of Lieut. Gilbert M. Welman who had as an aid another officer. A number of the seamen aboard were making their first trip in a submarine.

The cause of the accident is not known. Whether the submarine's machinery became disabled or whether it tore a hole in itself on some sunken object is not known.

The "A 7" is the sixth submarine of class "A" which has come to grief, and the question is raised whether the government ought not to abandon this type of boat in favor of the more modern vessels of the "C" and "D" classes. The "A 7" was built in 1904.

Of the class "A" submarines which have caused the British government losses in men through accident were the "A 1," wrecked in 1904, on board which 12 men were drowned, the "A 5" in 1905 with a loss of four lives, the "A 8" in 1906, when 15 men perished, and the "A 3" in 1912, when 11 officers and seamen went to their doom.

### THAW LOSES FIGHT FOR BAIL

U. S. Judge Denies Immediate Release to Slayer—Jerome Threatened.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 19.—Immediate bail is denied Harry K. Thaw in a decision announced on Friday by Judge Edgar Aldrich of the United States district court for New Hampshire.

This is one of the heaviest blows that has come to Thaw in New Hampshire. Aside from the personal freedom bail would give him, Thaw and his counsel ardently desired the weight of the legal precedent which would be given his side if Judge Aldrich had seen fit to accept bail for him, even before the final hearing on his habeas corpus writ. Judge Aldrich ruled that the bail question must wait until the habeas corpus hearing. Thaw's counsel is granted an extension of 20 days in time for filing briefs on the habeas corpus matter.

New York, Jan. 19.—William Travers Jerome has received threatening letters warning him that he will be killed unless he ceases his efforts to return Harry K. Thaw to Matteawan. This became known as a result of Jerome's turning the letters over to a detective agency.

### COL. GOETHALS CANAL CHIEF

Wins Fight to Keep Politics Out of Panama and Will Have Power to Appoint 2,500 Men.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Col. George W. Goethals is to be permanent governor of the Panama canal zone. This was learned on high authority here on Friday. He has won the fight to keep the canal out of politics and will have almost autocratic power in the appointment of 2,500 men who will compose the operating force. He is to be given this power because of the clumsiness and unwieldiness that would follow if the same power were vested in a commission.

### African Strike Is Crumbling.

Capit Town, South Africa, Jan. 19.—The strike appears to be crumbling before the energetic application of martial law. The labor party here was dumfounded at the news on Thursday of the arrest of Johannesburg leaders, and it is reported that there has been a rush of men to resume work.

## STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

Tomah.—Ruth, aged three, daughter of John Reisenauer, of the town of Clifton, was fatally burned by a pot of boiling coffee falling upon her.

Racine.—The board of education has decided to issue \$100,000 school bonds to provide money for the erection of a modern school building.

Neenah.—The Fox River Valley Association of Graduate Nurses met at the Clark hospital here. Miss Grace Karnback will head the organization for the coming year.

Fond du Lac.—Bishop William Quayle of the Methodist church will come to this city for the dedication of the new Division street church on June 7.

Kenosha.—Mayor Head has set February 10 as the date in which the question of adopting the commission form of government will be submitted to the voters.

Kenosha.—Pietro Pascucci, forty-eight years of age, died at the Kenosha hospital as a result of injuries received when struck by a timber in the plant of the Simmons Manufacturing company.

Marshfield.—The Central Wisconsin State Fair association elected E. E. Ames, Grand Rapids, president; Frank A. Noll, Marshfield, secretary, and Ray R. Williams was chosen secretary.

Madison.—Senator H. A. Huber, Stoughton, announced that the next meeting of the legislative committee investigating the state forestry reserve would be held at Eagle River on February 5.

Appleton.—Miss Myra Dietz, daughter of John Dietz, defender of Cameron Dam, now in state prison, will be married on February 19 to E. Eugene Newman of Chicago, a moving picture photographer.

Beloit.—Dr. E. A. Fath of Beloit college has been called to the presidency of Redfield college, South Dakota, by the German general conference and will take up his duties in March. He has been at the head of the department of astronomy at Beloit two years.

Waukesha.—The district school No. 2 has been closed because of an epidemic of diphtheria. Dr. C. S. Love of this city discovered that Mrs. Brady, who had a child attending the school, was afflicted with the disease. The school board ordered the school closed for a week.

Kenosha.—Mrs. Katherine Schmitz, aged eighty, died at the Kenosha hospital from burns received when she used a hot water bottle. The water leaked and scalded her back and arms. Mrs. Schmitz, a resident of Kenosha for more than sixty years, is survived by 28 grandchildren and 20 great-grandchildren.

Janesville.—Dr. Wilhelm Thies, aged sixty-one, for 27 years practicing physician at Chicago, dropped dead of heart failure here. He was a graduate of Berlin university and Jefferson Medical college, Philadelphia. Surviving are a son, Carl Thies of Chicago, and a daughter, Mrs. E. O. Hofmeister of Janesville. Interment will be at Pottsville, Pa.

Waukesha.—The Waukesha County Holstein-Friesian Breeders' association at its annual meeting elected the following officers: President, Dr. M. W. Downing; vice-president, Fred Pabst, Oconomowoc; secretary, Charles Will, Menomonee Falls; treasurer, George Martin, Dousman. The Women's Relief corps served a banquet.

Beloit.—Miss Carrine Marshgan, a junior at Beloit college, narrowly escaped serious burns; Doctor Culver, head of the physics department, had his face cut by flying glass, and James Tear, sophomore, had his hands burned in a small fire in college hall of science. It was caused by an explosion while a metal test was being made.

Kenosha.—John Vixior, a Russian, arrested on a charge of passing counterfeit coin, is said to have made a confession to federal officials and the Kenosha police, after Chief of Police O'Hare had found at his home a counterfeit kit. The police say he claimed that he had made only a small number of coins. He came here from Chicago and it is thought he may be one of the leaders of the gang which has been putting counterfeit silver dollars in circulation in north shore towns.

Wausau.—Ralph Clark and Ralph Schultz, both nineteen years old and residents of Gilmantown, Buffalo county, were arrested here by Sheriff Herman J. Abrahams, charged with the murder of Ole Johnson Skjorum, an aged recluse, on December 28. The boys were arrested at the home of relatives in this city and taken to the police station, where they were questioned by Chief of Police Thomas E. Jones of Wausau, District Attorney G. Gilman and Sheriff C. M. Clark. Buffalo county, who later stated boys had confessed to the attempted robbery and murder of Ole Johnson.



## WILL NOT BE IDLE

CONGRESS TO ACT ON SEVERAL MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE THIS WINTER.

## ALASKA RAILROAD BILL ONE

Public Health Service, Report on Lobby Inquiry and Suspension of Free Canal Tolls Among the Other Pending Subjects.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Congress may not and probably will not pass any very drastic anti-trust legislation this winter, but nevertheless both houses will find plenty to do with measures which, while they are of less seeming importance than anti-trust bills, are matters of considerable moment to the general public. Therefore, while congress may not do any tremendously big things during the winter, it will manage to keep busy.

When congress quit for the Christmas recess the house had three important matters of unfinished business on its calendar, the Alaska railroad bill, a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report a plan for national aid to vocational education; and the District of Columbia appropriation bill. The senate also had a special order on the Alaska railroad bill and so it seems likely that this legislation is practically certain to pass before warm weather sets in.

After the Alaska railroad bill it seems likely that the Adamson bill to create a public health service with more extended powers than those now lodged in the public health and marine hospital services will be taken up for consideration and very likely passed. Other matters which may receive the sanction of congress before the final adjournment of the session are the Boomer bill relative to restricting interstate commerce in goods made by convicts, and the Burnett bill regulating the immigration of aliens into the United States.

## Await Report on Lobby.

The lobby investigation matter will come before the house in a sharply pertinent way before very long. The members now are awaiting a report from the judiciary committee on matters which may lead to action of some kind in the case of Representative James T. McDermott of Chicago and officers of the National Association of Manufacturers in connection with the investigation of the charges which were made when the Mulhall lobby inquiry was on.

It probably will be remembered that in the report of the lobby committee all the present members of congress whose names were mentioned by witnesses before the committee were cleared of "lobbying blame" with the exception of Representative McDermott. In his case the testimony was laid before the house without any recommendation and it is taken for granted apparently that the house will take some action looking either to the punishment or to the exoneration of this Illinois congressman whose name was so frequently mentioned in connection with lobbying activities.

In addition to bills already on the calendar, there are three other pieces of legislation certain to come before this congress which have not yet reached the calendars of either house. The first of these is the amendment to the anti-trust law, which the president will recommend to congress in a special message.

## Panama Canal Tolls Again.

The other measures are the La Follette seamen's bill, which has already passed the senate, and upon which hearings have been held by the merchant marine and fisheries committee of the house, and the Adamson resolution, introduced in the house just before the Christmas recess providing for the suspension for two years of that provision in the Panama canal act which will give to American coastwise vessels free tolls. The senate may add one more measure to this list in the bill introduced by Senator Williams on the closing day of the pre-holiday session, providing for the insurance of bank deposits.

It is expected that the Adamson resolution will start again the fight over the tolls question which stirred congress up a year ago. President Wilson thus far has made no announcement of his leanings in this matter and it seems likely that he has purposely kept from saying anything about the issue involved because of his desire to get the currency bill out of the way before the other matter was touched upon.

## As to Labor Legislation.

Labor legislation is both popular and unpopular in the house of representatives and the senate. For some reason or other members and senators think that if they vote for such legislation as the labor leaders ask, they will be sure to get the support of labor at the polls. In this respect therefore it may be said that a chance to vote for labor legislation is popular, but there are times when representatives and senators are so convinced the legislation asked is not eminently proper that they make up their minds to vote against it and by so doing they feel they may lose votes, and therefore in this respect labor legislation at times may be said to be unpopular.

Washington, officials in congress are not of one mind, no matter to what party they belong, that progress is in the order of the day in legis-

lation and the progressivism and humanitarianism frequently are inseparable. It took congress a long while to pass an eight-hour day labor law. All government work done by the government itself was put on an eight-hour basis a long time ago, but it was only recently that the federal eight-hour law was made to apply to government work contracted for by private corporations.

It is apparent that the present administration is fully in sympathy not only with the eight-hour movement, but with the plea that eight hours for work, eight hours for play and eight hours for sleep constitute the proper living day for man. Secretary Redfield of the department of commerce probably would not have expressed himself so freely as he has on the eight-hour matter if he were not sure of the sympathy of his chief.

## Mr. Redfield's Position.

At a meeting of the American Association for Labor Legislation held recently Secretary Redfield said:

"I believe that when our factories are run so that the workmen go home without being fatigued from overlong hours, and not till then, will we be able to compete successfully against all comers in the markets of the world. I could not afford to employ in a factory men who are half sick, who come to work after having had bad breakfasts, who are partly poisoned. They would be economically unprofitable. And yet fatigue is part poison."

Improved conditions for labor, so far as the United States government can bring them about without interfering with states rights, have been a gradual growth. The Republicans when they were in power did a good deal for labor, and since the Democrats have come into power they have shown a disposition to continue the work of the Republicans, and in some cases to do a little better. Congressmen say it is the natural growth of favorable legislation fostered by the spirit of progressivism of the times. The eight-hour law which is at present on the statute books and which forbids private contractors doing work for the government to make their men work more than eight hours a day, was passed by congress only after years of contest.

## Postal Service Efficient.

A high type of efficiency is claimed for the United States postal service by Uncle Sam's officials, who are charged with the duty of its administration. It is said that the single exception of Belgium, "where the traffic conditions resemble those of state rather than those of a country," the United States stands at the head of all countries in operative efficiency. This is said on the authority of Representative Lewis of Maryland, author of the parcel post act, who has been digging into the subject.

It is known that Uncle Sam's letter rate of postage is enough to yield 23.13 per cent profit, and the postal efficiency of this country is attained in spite of the high prices which must be paid for material, stamps, paper, etc., and the much higher wages which are paid to American postal workmen than to those who do the same work in Europe.

## Steady Increase in the Service.

Since the year 1886 not only has the number of pieces of mail, including both domestic and foreign matter, increased gradually, but the number of pieces handled by each post office employee each year has increased. This increase has been going on while the average handling individual bits of mail has gone down.

From 1886 to 1912 "not only have the units of service more than doubled in size, but city and rural deliveries have been added, thus virtually doubling the quantity of the service. Thus even if the cost per piece of mail naturally had remained stationary it would be shown clearly that the cost actually had gone down."

The number of pieces mailed in the year 1886 including domestic and foreign matter was 3,474,000,000, while the number of employees was 122,698. In that year the number of mail pieces handled by each employee per annum was 28,313. The cost for the average mail, piece, reckoned in cents, was 1.44. Eight years later, in 1894, the number of employees had increased to 182,916, and the number of pieces of mail had jumped to 4,919,090,000. This resulted in the number of mail pieces per employee per annum reaching the figure of 26,746, and the cost per average mail piece becoming, in cents, 1.67.

## Average Cost Has Gone Down.

Ten years later, in 1904, the number of pieces handled by each employee during the year had increased to 35,366, and the average cost per each mail piece had gone down to 1.53. In 1912 the average cost had gone down to 1.34; the number of employees, a trifle below that of 1910, stood at 290,701; the estimated number of mail pieces handled over 17,500,000,000, and the number of pieces handled by each employee during the year reached high water with the figure 60,504.

The explanation of this high degree of efficiency is to be found, according to Mr. Lewis, in the fact that the low postal rates have stimulated business and have consequently almost automatically forced complete utilization of the plant. "Obviously," says Mr. Lewis, "the amount of traffic will depend on the rate." If a letter costs but two cents, the public will write many letters; if it costs five cents, the public will either have to find another means of communication or else communicate less. The low performance represents untutilized time of employees caused by rates which are too high to assist the traffic. Officials of the post office department say they fully appreciate these facts and have developed the efficiency policy of the department to accord with them.

## CONVENTION OF ELECTRIC MEN

SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING OF STATE ASSOCIATION OPENS IN MILWAUKEE.

## SESSIONS IN PFISTER HOTEL

Electrical Contractors of Wisconsin Close Their Gathering With Election of Officers—Wausau Man Is Made President.

Madison.—The sixth annual convention of the Wisconsin Electrical association opened with headquarters at the Hotel Pfister, Milwaukee. Almost the entire second floor of the hotel has been reserved by manufacturers who will display their products. C. M. Larson, chief engineer of the Wisconsin railway commission, spoke on "Street Railway Surveys in Relation to Railway Operations, Management and Regulation."

A theater party was given at the Majestic, followed by a banquet for 200 delegates at the Hotel Wisconsin.

Electrical contractors of Wisconsin ended their annual convention electing these officers: President, W. O. Johnson, Wausau; vice-president, L. W. Burch, Madison; secretary, Albert Peterman, Milwaukee; treasurer, George Knorr, Milwaukee; director for three years, R. J. Nichols, Madison.

## Meeting of Automobile Association.

The eighth annual meeting of the Wisconsin State Automobile association was held at Milwaukee. Report of the various officers showed that the association was never in such flourishing condition.

President James T. Drought made an exhaustive report of the work done during the past year, and it was evident from the list of accomplishments in the legislative line and the efforts to improve Wisconsin roads that Wisconsin now ranks first of all the states in the matter of having good, sane automobile laws that protect the pedestrian public as they are not protected in any other state and at the same time motorists are not subjected to needlessly harsh measures which do not serve to aid anyone but only create a spirit of animosity between the man that owns an automobile and the man who is not so fortunate.

The record made by the Wisconsin state highway commission came in for praise, and the association was pleased to learn of the effective work done by that branch of the state government. The Wisconsin State Automobile association has always had a fatherly concern in the work of the highway commissioner's department inasmuch as it was the original booster for the present law and it worked early and late for the passage of the state constitutional amendment that made possible the present activity in road building.

Wisconsin is destined to be the mecca of automobile tourists from all over the country, and the Wisconsin State Automobile association is active in hastening that day, as it will not only mean much more favorable touring conditions for our own people, but will bring outsiders into the state. This will result in much money being left here by the motorists who take advantage of the fine roads and the natural scenic attractions the state possesses.

Secretary H. A. Apple reported that during the past year the membership had increased over 60 per cent.

A resolution was adopted instructing the executive committee to make all necessary arrangements for holding the annual reliability tour next summer.

The following 25 directors were elected for the ensuing year: M. C. Moore, James T. Drought, George A. West, H. A. Apple, W. H. Raymond, I. G. Hickman, F. L. Chadbourne, John Gilson, Jr., Russell Jones, John W. Tufts, E. J. Perry, A. B. Chandler, A. F. Winter, Roy E. Reed, E. A. Gowran, Charles J. Kinzel, A. E. Rector, A. L. Blackstone, H. L. Halverson, M. G. Kusel, C. A. Conroy, R. D. Gorham, Dr. W. A. Taylor, Dan O. Head and P. C. Eldredge.

## Six Months Fire Loss Is \$2,171,585.

More than a thousand fires that occurred in Wisconsin between July 1, 1913, and January 1, 1914, caused a loss of \$2,171,585, according to the semi-annual report of State Fire Marshal Clem P. Host, made public. According to the report insurance on the destroyed property amounted to \$3,960,665.

The heaviest individual loss was sustained in the Goodyear fire in Milwaukee, when a quarter of a million dollars' worth of property was destroyed.

The total fire loss from July 1, 1912, to January 1, 1913, was \$1,994,085; the total insurance \$10,123,820.

## Incorporations.

Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Secretary of State Donald as follows:

Standard Flying club, Milwaukee; no capital stock; incorporators, William Rusch, Herman Rusch, Emil Richter.

Fairwater Canning company, Fairwater; capital, \$60,000; incorporators, C. A. Yunker, R. R. Blodgett, E. E. Coxhall.

Riley S. Hartley company, Superior; capital, \$5,000; incorporators, R. S. Hartley, E. M. Hartley, J. C. Bennett.

## State Income Tax Law Praised.

The Wisconsin income tax law is praised by Joseph E. Davies, commissioner of corporations, in a report transmitted to the president. The report reviews the progress of taxation in this country during 1912. He says regarding the Wisconsin law:

"Other noteworthy features are the decided trend toward greater centralization of the administration of tax laws and the classification of property for taxation purposes. Wisconsin is a leading example of the one and Rhode Island of the other. Wisconsin, by its income tax law, centralized its administration of assessments and successfully reached intangible property without employing the classification method. This is accomplished by levying rates graduated according to the amount of taxable income, irrespective of class, and allowing a deduction for taxes on personalty paid under general property tax. Rhode Island has adopted the classification method under which selected classes are separated from the general property of the state, and each related class is taxed at a rate which differs from the general-property rate."

"Legislation with respect to the estates of nonresident decedents is also noteworthy. By reason of the lack of uniformity of state laws, such estates are sometimes subject to taxation three, and even four, times. Massachusetts, however, has recognized the principle of taxing such property but once, namely, by taxing the real estate only. Personalty is not taxed, since such property usually passes in accordance with the law of the jurisdiction where the decedent was domiciled. New York, in addition to taxing real estate, taxes chattels located in New York, and Wisconsin has passed inheritance-tax legislation looking toward a complete physical-situs basis for taxation. Thus certain classes of securities are taxed in proportion to the value of the physical property represented which is located in Wisconsin."

"Of the states of the Middle Atlantic group, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, each have had special tax commissions appointed for the purpose of recommending improvements in their respective tax systems."

"In the Eastern Central and Western Central groups, the most important tax legislation was the Wisconsin income tax of 1911. This is a substitute for the general-property tax on intangible personal property, and is successfully and economically administered. The first assessment under this tax amounted to little less than \$2,500,000, of which \$2,000,000, or 80 per cent, was collected from corporations. With respect to the other states of these groups, Michigan adopted the New York mortgage-recording tax system, and North Dakota created a permanent tax commission. Minnesota, through the referendum system, raised the rate of the gross earnings tax on railroads from four to five per cent."

## Want State Fair for Milwaukee.

Delegates from 29 northern Wisconsin counties will meet in Antigo January 29 and 30, to discuss the state fair. The demand is for a date later in September and a permanent fair at Milwaukee.

Langlade county has started the movement and in the special convention called the purposes of the meeting are given as follows:

To consider the importance of terminating forever the question of a change in the location of the state fair by securing legislation that will place it permanently at Milwaukee, the metropolis of the state.

To recommend to the state board of agriculture the fixing of a date for holding this fair late enough in September to give the northern counties a chance to exhibit fully matured products in accordance with the provisions of the act creating the state board and to arrange for representation at the meeting of the state board at Madison the first Tuesday of February.

To take concerted action for better representation in exhibits, in attendance and in support of the state fair.

## State Stock Breeders to Meet.

The presentation of a plan for state-wide improvement of live stock will be one of the most important features of the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Live Stock Breeders' association to be held here February 5 and 6.

J. R. Wheeler, chairman of the agricultural committee of the State Bankers' association; Roy Beebe, editor of the Lake Superior Farmer, and E. H. Webster, associate editor of Hoard's Dairyman; A. J. Lovejoy, former president of the International Live Stock exposition; Abram Renick, general manager of the American Shorthorn Breeders' association; William J. Clarke, editor of the Shepherd's Journal; A. W. Fox, Waukesha county Guernsey breeder; and J. G. Fuller, secretary of the Wisconsin Horse Breeders' association, will discuss subjects with which they are most familiar.

## State Patents.

John Brenske, Hustisford, curdling milk; Samuel E. Brown, Kenosha, automobile seat; Charles F. Burgess, Madison, portable electric light; Charles R. Carpenter, Racine, cutting-off machine head and the like; Robert Glenn, Madison, mail receiving and delivering device; Charles E. Helke, Port Edwards, fruit jar cap straightener; John Holek and D. Schwartz, Milwaukee, express safe; Roy L. Kenyon, Waukesha, knockdown frame for portable buildings; Frank J. Matchette, Milwaukee, dust collector;

## FOUR RICH PUDDINGS

RECIPES—FROM FRANCE, ITALY, HOLLAND AND GERMANY.

Served a la Pompadour, Delicacy Should Be Eaten in Moderation—Dessert of Vermicelli Something New—Baked Pudding.

By LIDA AMES WILKIE.  
Pudding a la Pompadour.—Do you wish a French plum pudding? You will find this gloriously rich: Add two ounces of fine white bread crumbs to two-thirds of a cup of cream, boiling hot. When cool, beat in five ounces of finely chopped suet, one ounce of flour, two ounces of crushed macarons, two ounces of stoned raisins, two ounces of candied orange peel or preserved cherries, chopped; zest of lemon peel, grating of nutmeg. Beat well together and add yolks of four eggs and a glass of brandy. Pour into molds and steam. Serve with a hot custard sauce flavored with orange, sherry or brandy.

Italian Vermicelli Pudding.—Boil three ounces of vermicelli for 15 or 20 minutes in three cups of milk. Then add two ounces of butter. Beat three eggs very light with three tablespoons of sugar, and when the vermicelli is quite cold stir in the eggs and sugar. Add a few fine seeded raisins and a little vanilla. Turn into a baking dish and bake an hour in moderate oven. Serve with brandy or chestnut sauce. A new chestnut sauce comes from the same source as the pudding. Peel, blanch and drain 20 or more large chestnuts. Cook them in a sirup of sugar and water until tender. Flavor the sirup with vanilla or cordial, and mash the chestnuts through a sieve. Mix with the sirup, then with whipped cream or the beaten white of an egg, and serve with a plain hand sauce, using equal quantities of each.

Dutch Pudding or Souster.—Take one pound of butter, half a pint of milk, two pounds of flour, eight eggs, four spoonfuls of yeast, one pound of currants and a quarter of a pound of sugar. Melt a pound of butter in half a pint of milk, mix in the two pounds of flour, the beaten eggs, yeast and currants, washed and dried; then the sugar, sifted. Bake in a quick oven. Use three spoonfuls of baking powder instead of the yeast. It makes a good pudding, eaten hot, and a nice cake when cold. When intended only for cake, omit the currants and use caraway seeds.

German Boiled Pudding.—Take half a pound of molasses, half a pound of flour, quarter of a pound of suet, a teaspoonful of baking soda, quarter of a pint of milk and an ounce or more of candied orange peel. Mix milk and molasses first, then add the soda and suet, flour and peel. Rub all together until well mixed, pour in the molasses and boil in a bowl or basin.

## Steak Hash.

Take remnants of steak and chop fine, with one small onion and potatoes, two-thirds of potatoes to one-third of meat. Heat stock or water in frying pan and add hash. Let simmer slowly for ten or fifteen minutes, watching it so it will not burn. I use the tough end of sirloin and porterhouse steak. This makes the finest kind of hash. I always serve poached eggs on hash and it makes a nice breakfast dish if you use water instead of stock. Put a piece of butter in the hash. Season with salt and pepper.

## Individual Pumpkin Pie.

Three cups stewed and sieved pumpkin, two eggs, one and one-half cups brown sugar, one and one-half pints sweet milk, one level tablespoon flour, two teaspoons cinnamon, one teaspoon allspice. Line gem pans with rich pie crust, fill with above mixture and bake in moderate oven. Serve with whipped cream.

## Tripe and Liver Fricassee.

Take equal weights of tripe and liver. Fry the liver in strips; cut some cold boiled tripe in the same way, flour it and fry it also. Then cover with a thick brown gravy or stock. Serve hot, garnish with fried parsley and little heaps fried onions.



## The light desserts are the plain and stewed fruits, gelatins and junks.

The light dessert should always follow a heavy dinner, and vice versa.

Frozen rice pudding is a delicious and nourishing winter dessert.

Knives are cleaned more easily and thoroughly with soda added to the scouring brick.

Mincied beets, potatoes and cucumbers served with mayonnaise make a good salad.

A little borax, dissolved in warm water, will help to keep the children's teeth clean and sound.

A hot water platter is a boon to the housewife whose "men folks" are frequently late for dinner.

Baked apples are delicious with their cores filled with orange marmalade or chopped nuts and sugar.

An ordinary piece of mince pie is said to be the equal in food value to a piece of beef, a slice of bread and a potato.

"All odors end here" is the inflexible rule of charcoal. If the charcoal is made red-hot and then cooled before using its virtues are increased.

## Rheumatism Is Torture

Many pains that pass as rheumatism are due to weak kidneys—to the failure of the kidneys to drive off uric acid thoroughly.

When you suffer aching, bad joints, backache too, dizziness and some urinary disturbances, get Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is recommended by over 150,000 people in many different lands.

Doan's Kidney Pills help weak kidneys to drive out the uric acid which is the cause of backache, rheumatism and lumbago.

Here's proof.

AN INDIANA CASE  
M. C. Walker, 933 Grand Ave., Connersville, Ind., says: "For ten years I had muscular rheumatism. I was laid up in bed and couldn't move a limb. Plasters and hot applications failed. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me and two more boxes permanently cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**  
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.  
**SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.**  
Genuine must bear Signature

Perhaps the nude truth is a bare statement of facts.

Use Roman Eye Balsam for scalding sensation in eyes and inflammation of eyes or eyelids. Adv.

John Tyler was a member of the Virginia legislature at twenty-one and a congressman at twenty-six.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Helping the Editor.  
Wright.—It seems to be getting harder work for the newspaper man all the time.

Pennman.—Oh, I don't know about that. I see that ball-bearing scissors have been patented by an Ohio inventor.

Park for Millionaires.  
Plans for the transformation of an enormous cost of the 14,000-acre Palos Verdes ranch, overlooking Los Angeles harbor and the Catalina channel, into one of the most magnificent residential parks in the nation for American millionaires, are being made. Frank A. Vanderbilt of the National City bank of New York and his associates recently purchased the tract for \$1,750,000 for this purpose. The plans as they now stand promise to involve an expenditure of \$5,000,000.

At Church in Holland.  
In many parts of Holland men still wear their hats in church. Moreover, smoking in church is not considered irreverent by the Dutch when service is not in progress, and it is said, even the ministers sometimes indulge in this practice.

Altogether, Dutch Protestantism is, it would seem, from a certain standpoint, a comfortable form of religion. One may keep his hat on in church, which saves him many a chill; he may talk freely and in his natural voice, not in a whisper; he has a neat housemaid in a white cap and apron to show him to his pew or to offer him a chair; and he has nice drab pews of painted deal all around him and a cheerful "two-decker" pulpit above.

**SKIN CLEARED.**  
By Simple Change in Food.

It has been said by a physician that most diseases are the result of indigestion.

There's undoubtedly much truth in the statement, even to the cause of many unsightly eruptions, which many suppose can be removed by applying some remedy on the outside.

By changing her food a Kan. girl was relieved of an eczema which was a great annoyance to her. She writes: "For five months I was suffering with an eruption on my face and hands which our doctor called eczema and which caused me a great deal of inconvenience. The suffering was almost unbearable."

"The medicine I took only gave me temporary relief. One day I happened to read somewhere that eczema was caused by indigestion. Then I read that many persons had been relieved of indigestion by eating Grape-Nuts."

"I decided to try it. I liked the taste of the food and was particularly pleased to notice that my digestion was improving and that the eruption was disappearing as if by magic. I had at last found, in this great food, something that reached my trouble."

"When I find a victim of this affliction I remember my own former suffering and advise a trial of Grape-Nuts food instead of medicines."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



## The Secret of Health is Elimination of Waste

Every business man knows how difficult it is to keep the pigeon holes and drawers of his desk free from the accumulation of useless papers. Every housewife knows how difficult it is to keep her home free from the accumulation of all manner of useless things. So it is with the body. It is difficult to keep it free from the accumulation of waste matter. Unless the waste is promptly eliminated the machinery of the body soon becomes clogged. This is the beginning of most human ills.

### DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

Assists the stomach in the proper digestion of food, which is turned into healthy, sustaining blood and all poisonous waste matter is speedily disposed of through Nature's channels. It makes men and women clear-headed and able-bodied—restores to them the health and strength of youth. Now is the time for your rejuvenation. Send 31 cent stamp for a trial box of this medicine.

Address: R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

#### First Chinese School Book.

There are also fragments of the Chi Chiu-Chang vocabulary composed by a eunuch of the palace in about the year 40 A. D. All the authentic texts of this ancient school book, widely used in the year 2, to teach Chinese children to read and write, had long since disappeared. The paper manuscripts are the oldest examples of such literature in existence. M. Chavannes has succeeded in reconstructing from these heterogeneous and more or less fragmentary and disconnected materials a fairly probable picture of the daily life of the Chinese garrisons that held these frontier posts against the Huns and kept open the trade routes to Farghana and Yarkand. The human as well as scientific interest of such a picture is manifest.

## ALBERTA CROP YIELDS

At MacLeod, Alta., weather conditions were excellent all through the season. Ninety per cent. of the wheat up to Oct. 1st graded No. 1, the only No. 2 being fall wheat. The yield ranged from 20 to 40 bushels per acre, with an average of 28. Oats yielded well, and barley about 60 bushels.

Inverary is a new district in Alberta. Here wheat graded No. 2 and some of it went 50 bushels to the acre, oats going about 75 bushels.

Lethbridge correspondent says: "In the Monarch district the yield on summer fallow is averaging thirty-five bushels, a large percentage No. 1 northern."

"All spring grains are yielding better than expected in the Milk river district, south. A 300 acre field of Marquis wheat gave 4½ bushels.

"Experimental farm results on grain sown on irrigated land place 'Red Fife' wheat in the banner position, with a yield of 59.40 bushels per acre. Oats yielded 122 bushels to the acre.

"John Turner of Lethbridge grew barley that went 60 bushels to the acre.

"Red Fife averages in weight from 60 to 68 pounds, and at Rosthern the Marquis wheat will run as high as 64 pounds to the bushel, while a sample of Marquis wheat at Arcola weighed no less than 68 pounds to the bushel. This variety is grading No. 1 hard."

Calgary, Alta., Oct. 8.—The problem of handling Alberta's big grain crop is becoming a serious one, and there is a congestion at many points in southern Alberta. One thousand cars could be used immediately. The C. P. R. prepared for a normal year, while the yield of grain was everywhere abnormal, with an increased acreage of about 23 per cent.

Moose Jaw, Sask., returns show some remarkable yields.

Bassano, Alta., Sept. 25, '13.—Individual record crops grown in Alberta include 1,300 acre field of spring wheat grown near Bassano which went thirty-five bushels to the acre and weighed sixty-six pounds to the bushel.

Noble, Alta., Oct. 1, '13.—All records for the largest shipment of grain by one farmer will be broken this year if the estimate of C. S. Noble of Noble, Alberta, proves correct. Mr. Noble has notified the Canadian Pacific Railway here that he will have 350,000 bushels of grain, chiefly barley and oats, ready for shipment very shortly.

L. Anderson Smith, writing to a friend in the Old Country, located at Killam, Alberta, says:

"Anyone taking up land will find Alberta an ideal province. The soil is a rich black loam, varying from 6 to 12 inches in depth. The land here in this district is not wholly open prairie. At intervals, sometimes closely, sometimes widely scattered, there are small plots of poplar and willows. These generally grow round some small depression in the land, and the snow drifts here in the winter and melts in the spring filling these sloughs (province 'slews') with soft water. Nearly all these sloughs have old buffalo tracks to them, for it was from them that they always got their water. The poplars are very useful for building barns and hen-houses. Wild grasses are plentiful, while tame grasses, such as timothy, brome and western rye grass do remarkably well."

Advertisement.

The man who is placed on a pedestal must take a certain amount of pride in his very loneliness.

Virginia Farms and Homes  
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS.  
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

FOR SALE—400 acres in large and small tracts in the prospective oil and gas belt—\$10000. For particulars write John B. Carvagh, McLean, Okla.

PISO'S REMEDY  
Best Cough Syrup. Twice Daily. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.  
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

## SALTED NUTS MADE AT HOME

Old Favorite for Afternoon and Evening Entertainments Need Not Be Expensive.

Salted nuts are always acceptable as a part of the refreshments for afternoon and evening entertainments, and as an adjunct to the simple home dinner as well as to the formal one.

They are expensive when they are bought ready salted, and unless they are bought of a reliable caterer they sometimes taste stale. They can be easily, inexpensively and well made at home.

Peanuts are appetizing and so much less expensive than almonds that it is a wonder they are not more often substituted for almonds. To salt them, buy unroasted peanuts—which can be easily purchased from any street vender of peanuts. Shell them and remove the inside skins by letting them stand for a minute or so in boiling water, after which the skins may be removed between the thumb and forefinger. Leave them in the hot water only long enough to loosen the skins—not long enough to wilt or cook the nuts.

There are several ways of browning the nuts. One way is to put two teaspoonfuls of olive oil in a pan and roll the nuts in it. Then put them in a brisk oven and leave them there until they are brown.

Another way is to put a tablespoonful of oil in the bottom of a chafing dish, turn the heat full on, and drop in enough nuts at a time to cover the bottom of the pan. Keep the nuts moving over the flame until they have turned a delicate brown.

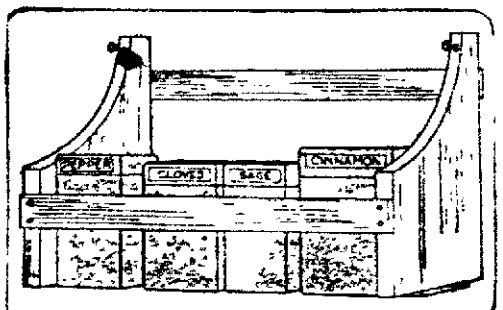
Almonds, blanched and shelled, and pecans, carefully cracked but not blanched, can be salted in the same manner as peanuts.

When they are brown, turn them in a paper and sprinkle them with salt. Let them cool before taking them from the paper, which absorbs the superfluous oil and makes them pleasant to handle.

## KEEPS SPICE BOXES HANDY

Shelves That Hang on the Inside of Cupboard Door the Latest Thing in Conveniences.

To keep the spice boxes in a handy place where they would be together and not behind the larger articles on the cupboard shelves, I made a spe-



Shelf Will Hold All the Spice Boxes and Keep Them Handy.

cial spice-box shelf, as shown, to hang on the inside of the cupboard door. The shelf swings out with the door as it opens, and is made of two bracket ends to which a bottom board and front crosspiece is nailed. The size of the shelf and its capacity are only limited by the space on the door.—Popular Mechanics.

Norwegian Prune Pudding.  
One-half pound prunes, two cups cold water, one cup sugar, one-inch piece stick cinnamon, one-third cup boiling water, one-third cup cornstarch, one tablespoon lemon juice.

Pick over and wash prunes, then soak one hour in cold water, and boil until soft; remove stones, obtain meat from stones and add to prunes. Then add sugar, cinnamon, boiling water, and simmer ten minutes. Dilute cornstarch with enough cold water to pour easily, add to prune mixture and cook five minutes. Remove cinnamon, mold, then chill, and serve with cream.

Cream Puffs.  
One cup boiling water, one-half cup melted butter, boiled together. While boiling stir in one heaping cup of flour. As soon as it cools add four well-beaten eggs. Bake in greased gem pans in moderately hot oven about forty-five minutes.

Cream for Filling—One and one-half pints milk heated to a boiling point in double boiler. Add one cup sugar, two tablespoons cornstarch and two eggs beaten together. Cook until it thickens. You might flavor the cream with vanilla or lemon.

Stale Bread Left-Overs.  
There is always great waste in bread as well. Stale bread can always be utilized. It may be dried out thoroughly in the oven and then crushed to a powder for breading croquettes or veal chops or cutlets. Or else it may be soaked in milk and used for pudding.

It is all these little economies which tend to reduce the cost of living and make the business side of the kitchen a profitable instead of an extravagant part of household management.

Turnips With White Sauce.  
Peel some small turnips, as nearly as possible the same size, boil them in milk and water till tender; drain and cover with white sauce in which a tablespoonful of grated cheese has been mixed. Sprinkle a little minced parsley over and serve.

To Prevent Fat From Sputtering.  
To prevent fat from sputtering, when frying eggs or bacon, put a pinch of flour in the fat. This helps to keep the stove clean and saves you many a burn from the hot fat.

## MAKES AIM ALMOST CERTAIN

Invention Said to Guarantee Every Shot a Bulls-eye, Even in the Dark.

Charles Pechard, a police official of Paris, has invented an attachment that enables one to shoot a revolver more accurately in the dark than in broad daylight, the New York Independent states.

This attachment consists of a metallic tube with a lens at one end and a tiny electric lamp at the other. By means of mirrors the light is directed out through the lens as a slender cone, and is sufficiently strong at a distance of some four rods for all practical purposes. In the middle of the illumination field there is a small dark spot which coincides with the line of the bullet's flight. This enables the inexperienced shooter to hit a selected part of the burglar's anatomy with more certainty than he could display in ordinary target-practice.

The electric current is supplied by a small dry battery or a storage battery, which the officer can carry in his pocket or which the defender of the home can place under his pillow. The light tube can be attached to an ordinary pistol, and it may be used as a flash with peaceful intent or merely as a show of force.

## Terrible Dilemma.

Our friend Tom married recently, says a contributor to the Boston Transcript. His bride, being from the Pacific coast, where thunderstorms are rare and moderate, became terrified when a genuine eastern "rip-roarer" broke loose, and she sought safety in a closet.

Presently came a scream from her place of refuge.

"What's the matter?" inquired her husband.

"O Tom," she answered, half-crying, half-laughing, "I'm afraid to come out because of the lightning, and I'm afraid to stay in here because there's a mouse."

## ECZEMA IN WATER BLISTERS

748 Congress St., Chicago, Ill.—"My eczema broke out like little water blisters. Each one was full of water and would itch until I would scratch it open, then the water would run out and it would get sore. I first got the eczema on the back of the hand and I scratched it so hard I made it all sore. Then I got it on my legs just above the ankle and above the knee.

"I used what they call — and it stopped the itch but it got worse. Then I used —. In all I had the trouble for about two years. One day I saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in the paper. I wrote for a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I tried them and then bought some more. Cuticura Soap and Ointment left my sores nice and smooth. I used them for six weeks, and am now cured; the eczema left no marks." (Signed) F. W. Horrisch, Oct. 19, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Stern Duty.  
"Well, little boy, do you want to buy some candy?"

"Sure I do, but I gotta buy soap."—Life.

ARE YOU CONSTIPATED?  
Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills have proved their worth for 75 years. Test them yourself now. Send for sample to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

He Came Up.  
Bill—Where did he learn to dive?  
Jill—Oh, he's a self-made diver. Didn't you notice he just came up from the bottom?"

**900 DROPS**

**CASTORIA**

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.  
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS & CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

**NOT NARCOTIC**

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. WATKINS

Pumpkin Seed—  
Aloe—  
Sassafras—  
Cinnamon—  
Ginger—  
Licorice—  
Sage—  
Wormwood—  
Worms—  
Worms—  
Worms—

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

See Similar Signature of  
*Dr. J. C. Watkins*

**THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK.**

400 months old  
**35 DROPS 35 CENTS**

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act

Exact Copy of Wrapper

# Women Everywhere

## Praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Women from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from all sections of this great country, no city so large, no village so small but that some woman has written words of thanks for health restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. No woman who is suffering from the ills peculiar to her sex should rest until she has given this famous remedy a trial. Is it not reasonable to believe that what it did for these women it will do for any sick woman?

## Wonderful Case of Mrs. Stephenson, on the Pacific Coast.

INDEPENDENCE, OREGON.—"I was sick with what four doctors called Nervous Prostration, was treated by them for several years, would be better for a while then back in the old way again. I had palpitation of the heart very bad, fainting spells, and was so nervous that a spoon dropping to the floor would nearly kill me; in fact was about as sick and miserable as a person could be. I saw your medicines advertised and thought I would try them, and am so thankful I did for they helped me at once. I took about a dozen bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and also used the Sanative Wash. Since then I have used them whenever I felt sick. Your remedies are the only doctor I employ. You are at liberty to publish this letter."—Mrs. W. STEPHENSON, Independence, Oregon.

## A Grateful Atlantic Coast Woman.

HODGDON, ME.—"I feel it a duty I owe to all suffering women to tell what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. One year ago I found myself a terrible sufferer. I had pains in both sides and such a soreness I could scarcely straighten up at times. My back ached, I had no appetite and was so nervous I could not sleep, then I would be so tired mornings that I could scarcely get around. It seemed almost impossible to move or do a bit of work and I thought I never would be any better until I submitted to an operation. I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt like a new woman. I had no pains, slept well, had good appetite and was fat and could do almost all my own work for a family of four. I shall always feel that I owe my good health to your medicine."—Mrs. HAYWARD SOWERS, Hodgdon, Maine.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



**35 BUSHELS PER ACRE**  
was the yield of WHEAT

160 ACRES  
FARM  
WESTERN CANADA  
FREE

On many farms in Western Canada in 1913, some yields being reported as high as 50 bushels per acre. As high as 100 bushels were recorded in some districts for oats, from 10 to 20 bushels for barley and from 10 to 20 bushels for flax.

J. Keys arrived in the country 5 years ago from Denmark with very little means. He homesteaded, worked hard, is now the owner of 320 acres of land, in 1913 had a crop of 200 acres, which will realize him about \$4,000. His wheat weighed 68 lbs. to the bushel and averaged over 35 bushels to the acre.

Thousands of similar instances might be related of the homesteaders in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The crop of 1913 was an abundant one everywhere in Western Canada.

Ask for descriptive literature and reduced railway rates. Apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

C. J. McLean, 412 North Main St., Chicago  
M. V. McLean, 178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit.  
Canadian Government Agent

## The Typewriter for the Rural Business Man

Whether you are a small town merchant or a farmer, you need a typewriter.

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It doesn't require an expert operator to run the L. C. Smith & Bros. typewriter. It is simple, compact, complete, durable.

Send in the attached coupon and we will give especial attention to your typewriter needs.

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Not only gives IMMEDIATE RELIEF, but REDUCES the callous. Held in place by adhesive soft cotton tape reaching over the toe. No adhesives, entirely hygienic, because it is removable and washable.

DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING.—Place foot on piece of paper and draw with pencil from end of great toe to heel. Specify foot—right or left. Price, by mail, 50c. enc. 3 for \$1.00.

**ROBERT E. TURNER,**  
Chiropractor,  
75 Boylston St., Boston.

## FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS.

If you feel "OUT OF SORTS," RUN DOWN, or GOT THE BLUES, SUFFER FROM RHEUMATISM, BLINDNESS, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, BRUISES, Eruptions, PILES, write for my FREE book. THE MOST INSTRUCTIVE MEDICAL BOOK EVER PUBLISHED. IT TELLS ALL ABOUT THESE DISEASES AND THE REMEDY. IT TELLS YOU HOW TO GET THE NEW PERSONAL REMEDY. No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4. No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8. No. 9. No. 10. No. 11. No. 12. No. 13. No. 14. No. 15. No. 16. No. 17. No. 18. No. 19. No. 20. No. 21. No. 22. No. 23. No. 24. No. 25. No. 26. No. 27. No. 28. No. 29. No. 30. No. 31. No. 32. No. 33. No. 34. No. 35. No. 36. No. 37. No. 38. No. 39. No. 40. No. 41. No. 42. No. 43. No. 44. No. 45. No. 46. No. 47. No. 48. No. 49. No. 50. No. 51. No. 52. No. 53. No. 54. No. 55. No. 56. No. 57. No. 58. No. 59. No. 60. No. 61. No. 62. No. 63. No. 64. No. 65. No. 66. No. 67. No. 68. No. 69. No. 70. No. 71. No. 72. No. 73. No. 74. No. 75. No. 76. No. 77. No. 78. No. 79. No. 80. No. 81. No. 82. No. 83. No. 84. No. 85. No. 86. No. 87. No. 88. No. 89. No. 90. No. 91. No. 92. No. 93. No. 94. No. 95. No. 96. No. 97. No. 98. No. 99. No. 100. No. 101. No. 102. No. 103. No. 104. No. 105. No. 106. No. 107. No. 108. No. 109. No. 110. No. 111. No. 112. No. 113. No. 114. No. 115. No. 116. No. 117. No. 118. No. 119. No. 120. No. 121. No. 122. No. 123. No. 124. No. 125. No. 126. No. 127. No. 128. No. 129. No. 130. No. 131. No. 132. No. 133. No. 134. No. 135. No. 136. No. 137. No. 138. No. 139. No. 140. No. 141. No. 142. No. 143. No. 144. No. 145. No. 146. No. 147. No. 148. No. 149. No. 150. No. 151. No. 152. No. 153. No. 154. No. 155. No. 156. No. 157. No. 158. No. 159. No. 160. No. 161. No. 162. No. 163. No. 164. No. 165. No. 166. No. 167. No. 168. No. 169. No. 170. No. 171. No. 172. No. 173. No. 174. No. 175. No. 176. No. 177. No. 178. No. 179. No. 180. No. 181. No. 182. No. 183. No. 184. No. 185. No. 186. No. 187. No. 188. No. 189. No. 190. No. 191. No. 192. No. 193. No. 194. No. 195. No. 196. 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# A Man in the Open

by Roger Rocco

Illustrations by  
Ellsworth Young

## SYNOPSIS.

The story opens with Jesse Smith relating the story of his birth, early life in Labrador and of the death of his father. Jesse becomes a sailor. His mother marries the master of the ship and both are lost in the wreck of the vessel. Jesse becomes a cowboy in Texas. He marries Polly, a singer of questionable morals, who later is reported to have committed suicide. Jesse becomes a rancher and moves to British Columbia. Kate Trevor takes up the narrative. Unhappily married, she contemplates suicide, but changes her mind after meeting Jesse. Jesse rescues Kate from her drink-maddened husband who attempts to kill her. Trevor loses his life in the rapids. Kate rejects offers of grand opera managers to return to the stage and marries Jesse. Their married life starts out happily. Kate succumbs to the pleadings of a composer to return to the stage and runs away with him. She rescues Widow O'Flynn from her burning house, is badly burned herself, and returns home, where Jesse receives her with open arms. Cattle thieves appear in the neighborhood. Jesse asks Kate to go to a place of safety. To his surprise, she refuses. Jesse resumes the narrative. He calls on neighbors and plans to capture the robbers. Kate is rescued from the hands of the bandits.

## CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

Seems to be scratches on the smooth side of this paper, sort of reminding me that Bull has a fountain-pen sticking out of his vest pocket. If he's been writing with milk, I'd warm the paper—but no, we use canned milk, and haven't got any either. I've heard faintly somewhere of things wrote in spit, so I pours on a bottle of ink, and rinses the paper in the water-bub. Yes, there's the message plain as print:

"Gun to hand, but cartridges wrong size, no good. Get 45. Billy to wait with ponies under nearest pine N. of cave, when plough above N. Star. Send more gum for child's wound—Bull."

Billy was mounting at the door to get out for solitude, but since he knows I can't miss under two hundred yards, he was persuaded to come into the cabin. There I read him some of the etiquette about keeping his temper and not using coarse language. Also I told him politely what I thought of him, and where he'll go when he dies. He waited, stroking the little fur on his muzzle, till I got through, looking so damned patient with me that I came near handing him one in the eye.

"You invited these robbers to my grass?"

He nodded.

"Thanks to you, my wife had a gun muzzle screwed around in her ear."

"But she squinted," said Billy.

"I lose my temper, I can't shoot. And Billy knew that well. "She's up again it good and hard," said he.

"Ain't what?"

"Making a silk purse out of a sow's ear."

"You lop-eared, mangy, pig-faced, herring-gutted son of a—"

"From the 'Etiquette,'" asked Billy. "I don't think much of you, anyway. Mother ain't got no use for you either, or any of the neighbors, you old cow thief."

Now if Billy talked so big as all that, it must be to astonish his mother. So she must be at the key-hole, and sure enough I heard her grind her stump with the backache from stooping down. Happens Mrs. Smith has a garden squirt which it holds a gallon, so while I kept young Billy interested with patches of etiquette, I took off the hose, filled the squirt, and let drive through the key-hole into the widow's ear. At that she lifted up her voice and wept.

Feeling better, I resumed the conversation. "Billy," sez I, smooth as cream, while I filled the squirt, "on the shelf there you'll find a little small bottle."

In my dmn way I aimed to get him excited, and talkative, divulging secrets with all his heart. Then afterward I'd like him asleep, out of mischief.

"Get your bottle yourself," says he, sort of defiant, so I let drive at him with the squirt.

"If you please," said I, and he got the bottle all right.

"If you don't mind," said I, "will you just draw the cork?"

"And if I won't?"

I took my squirt and watched him draw the cork.

"Thank you," sez I, seeing how useful is the use of true politeness. "I trouble you to spill what's in the bottle into that there goblet. Now be so kind."

"Drink, or I'll Splash Your Brains on the Floor."

"That's so," says Dale, and in two shakes of a duck's tail he was throwing his men into line. Meanwhile the widow, wild and lone, had flew; so that left Kate without help, her job being coffee to keep the boys awake till we'd daylight to corner the robbers.

Men watching on a strain like that get scary as cats, so by moonset some of our warriors would loose off guns at stumps, trees, rocks, or just because they felt lonesome. After the moon went down, dry fuel got scant, so that the fires waned, and some of our young men must have seen millions of outlaws. When at last something actually happened, it was natural that Ransome should have adventures. He wasn't built for solitude, and when he seen a flag wave from behind a bush he called the boys from left and right to bunch in and corroborate. The flag kept waving, and pres-

"I refuse!"

The squirt won't scare any more Billy, so I exhibits my gun.

"I regrets to remark, Mr. O'Flynn, that this gun acts sort of sudden."

"Shoot, and you go to jail!"

"But first, my dear young friend, I've time to lop off a few fingers, one at a time—won't miss them all at once. May I request you to pour out the medicine? No—not on the floor, please, but into the goblet, while I observe that your right thumb seems tender after that cut, and ought to be treated. So, a little more. That's right. Now honor me by adding a little water from the pitcher. Thank you. Thumb feeling easier? Well, that there laudanum soothes the fractious infant, and causes a whole lot of repose. Quite sweet without sugar. Yes, please, you'll lift the goblet to your mouth while I watch that nothing goes wrong with your pug nose. You want to throw back your head, you treacherous swine. Drink, or I'll splash your brains on the floor!"

"I daren't! It's poison!"

"It's bullets—you'd better! Drink, or I'll kill you! Drink! One—two—much obliged, I'm sure. Hope you'll sleep well."

"Curse you!" he shrieked, and flung the glass at my head.

Then down came the widow like a landslide. She scratched my face, confessed my sins, sobbed over her darling Billy avick, prescribed for my future, wrung her wet frock, and made a soap emetic for her offspring all at once. It's a sure fact that widow was plenty busy, and what with slinging that emetic at the patient, and gently introducing the lady to the kitchen cupboard, wall, I declare I didn't have a dull moment. Then distant shots brought us all up standing.

"At last!" Billy shouted, "they're off!"

"Who's off?"

"Father and his men—escaped while I kept you in talk. Fooled, Jesse! Fooled! I fooled you to the eyes! My father's Larry O'Flynn, Captain Larry O'Flynn, captain of the outlaws!" My, there was pride in that lad! He sat on the table in the dusk, lighting to keep awake, rubbing his eyes with his sleeve. "He's give me leave to join, and I'm hitting the trail tonight—hitting the trail, d'ye hear?" His eyes closed, his voice trailed off to a whisper.

Outside I could hear a rider coming swift, and Dale's voice hailing, "Jesse! Jesse!"

"Jesse," the lad was muttering, "lift his stock, and his woman, burn his ranch, and put his fires out—that's the way to—"

Dale had stepped from his horse, and stood in the doorway, making it dark inside. "Where in blazes are you?"

"Look," said I, and Dale watched, for the boy, dead pale, was lurching from side to side, his eyes closed, his lips still moving.

"Only drugged," said I. "Who let them robbers escape?"

"Ransome Pollock," said Dale.

"Who else?"

"Dave."

"How's his poor tooth?" says I, and Dale explained he'd been clubbed.

Young O'Flynn rolled over, and went down smash, so that I had to kneel, and try if his heart was all right. It thumped along steady and give no sign of quitting.

"I had to," said I, "old Whiskers yonder is the widow's husband, and father to this boy. He's clear grit, iron."

"Where's the widow?"

"Resting." I heard horses come thundering out of the dusk. "Robbers broke south?"

"Yep."

"Hev they grow'd wings?"

"Nope."

"Can't swim the Fraser?"

"Bottled?" said he, cheering up.

"Some," says I. "Not corked yet. You want to make a line here quick, from the foot of the upper cliff to the edge of the river, and each man make three big fires. Then post half your men to tend fires, and the best shots to hold that line with rifles. Then robbers has got to break through when they knows they're cornered. Here's your boys, Iron. Git a move on!"

"That's so," says Dale, and in two shakes of a duck's tail he was throwing his men into line. Meanwhile the widow, wild and lone, had flew; so that left Kate without help, her job being coffee to keep the boys awake till we'd daylight to corner the robbers.

Men watching on a strain like that get scary as cats, so by moonset some of our warriors would loose off guns at stumps, trees, rocks, or just because they felt lonesome. After the moon went down, dry fuel got scant, so that the fires waned, and some of our young men must have seen millions of outlaws. When at last something actually happened, it was natural that Ransome should have adventures. He wasn't built for solitude, and when he seen a flag wave from behind a bush he called the boys from left and right to bunch in and corroborate. The flag kept waving, and pres-

ently two more of our men had to join the bunch because they couldn't shoot their good advice, left the robbers hear every word. I was away to Apex Rock, Iron down in the canyon, and these blasted idiots talked.

Of course old Whiskers knew that antelope will always creep up to inspect any waving rag. Before the excitement was properly begun he and his robbers slipped through our broken line.

If Ransome has time to aim he's dangerous to the neighbors, but since the odds were a thousand to one the gun would kick him as far as next Thursday, I'd have bet my debts he wouldn't hit the party with that flag. Yet that's what happened. He got the widow O'Flynn.

With one heart-rending, devastating howl she went to grass, and she did surely shriek as if there was no hereafter. Murdered in the limb she was, and as I left to follow the sounds of them escaping robbers, I didn't have time to send a carpenter.

## CHAPTER IX.

### The Untruthful Prisoner.

Jesse's Narrative.

With creditors, women, robbers, and everything dangerous, you want to be chuck full of deportment and a whole lot tactful. Anything distractful or screeching disturbs one's peace of



Mr. Bull Brooke Got Hurt on the Nose.

mind, and sends one's aplomb to blazes, just when a bear trap may happen at any moment. I traveled for all I was worth to put that widow behind me, and compose my mind.

Maybe I'd gone a mile before remorse gnawed Whiskers because he'd abandoned the widow. He paused, and as I come surging along, he lammed me over the head with a gun.

Yes, I was captured. They got my gun, too, and marched me along between them. Old man Brown was away, but as I'd left the scow on the near bank, the robbers were able to cross, and put the Fraser between me and rescue. That ought to have cheered him up, since it gave them a start of several hours toward safety, but instead of skinning out of British Columbia, as I advised them with powerful strong talk, they'd got to stop for breakfast on old Brown's beans and saw-belly, cussing most piteous because he wasn't there to cook hot biscuits.

After breakfast they wasted an hour dressing his paw for old Whiskers, and wondering whether they'd waste one of my cartridges on me, or keep them all for my friends. On that I divulged a lot of etiquette out of my book. I told these misbegotten offspring they'd been bungled up all wrong, or they'd have enough deportment to make tracks. "Now," says I, "in the land of the free and the home of the brave you been appreciated, whereas if you linger here till sunup you'll be shot."

That made poor Whiskers still more suspicious, wondering what sort of beartraps gulfish Smith was projecting. "Wants to get us up on the bench," says he, "that means ware traps. We'll stay right here, boys, for daylight, when we'll be able to see ourselves, how to save them cattle."

"You're dead right, Whiskers!" says I. "Hair on you!"

But he being fretful with his wound, orders his men to disable Brown's fiddle, and lash me up with catgut. Moreover, when I was trussed, this Bull seen fit to kick me on the off chance, a part which ain't referred to in polite society, especially with a boot.

"Brave man!" says I, and the rest of them robbers was so ashamed they got me a gag.

"Sorry," says I, "pity I won't be able to guide you to Brown's cigars. He keeps a bottle, too."

"Where are they?" says Bull.

"Gag Brooke," said I, for Bull went by that name, "and I'll divulge the drinks."

"Gag Brooke," says Whiskers, cheering up a little, "pity we weren't born gagged."

So they gagged Mr. Brooke, and mounted him on sentry while they had Brown's bottle of whisky and cigars. I got some, too.

Of course there or'nary, no-account, range wolves reckoned my friends would wait for day before they attempted tracking. Whereas Dale got the lantern, found my paper trail, and guessed at the ferry. Before we entered the cabin, I'd seen the glint of that lantern behind the rim of the bench, and I knew our boys trusted me to keep the robbers somehow down at the ferry-house. Whiskers, since the liquor made his wound worse, lurching groaning around the shack. At the first glint of dawn, he ordered Bull to take out the gag and lie down, then went to the door himself.

It's a pity that Dale, our leader, a sure fine shot, has a slight cast in his near eye, which throws his lead a little to the right. That's why, when Whiskers went to the door, Dale's bullet only whipped off his left ear. Instead of being grateful, Whiskers skipped around holding the side of his face, with remarks which for a poor man was extravagant. The shot made Bull bolt courageous behind the stove, to look for a bandage, he said, while Ginger and the greaser sat up on their tails looking sort of depressed. Not one of the four was happy on finding that they'd bottled themselves in the cabin instead of taking my advice and clearing for the States.

"Prisoner," said Whiskers, dolesome, holding his poor ear, "you can talk to your friends across the river?"

"Why, certainly, Captain."

"What way?"

"Signaling."

"Cut the catgut, Colonel."

So Ginger cut me free.

"Show a white flag, General," said I. So Ginger waved a paper on a stick, and Dale replied with a white scarf from his neck.

When I walked out, the boys across the river gave three cheers, but I was halted in my behind before I'd got far sideways. "Now," says Whiskers, "signal and pray that you won't be tempted to send erroneous messages."

"Remember," Bull shouts, "I can read Morse. No fooling."

"All right, Mr. Brooke," I called back, then I'll use semaphore."

I heard Whiskers in tears directing his two youngsters to put Mr. Brooke's head in the meal sack, and sit hard on top. So I began to signal, explaining each word to Whiskers.

Swim. "That," says I, "means 'Dale.'"

Pool. "That's 'fool,'" says I, "because he don't give the answer."

Below. "That's 'Hello.'"

Rapids. "That's 'Hello' again."

"You lie," says Whiskers, miserable, through his teeth. "You made six letters."

"Sorry," says I, "it got spelt wrong first time."

Float. "That's 'skunk,'" says I, "because he's a polecat not to answer me."

Guns. "What's that?" asked Whiskers, leaps suspicious because I couldn't think of another word of four letters. "Hell!" says I.

"Quite right," sighed Whiskers, "to think of your future home."

Dale signaled, Coming.

"Tell Dale," says Whiskers, and his bereaved voice kind of jarred me now, "we're just going to keep a gun at your ear-hole while we march up the trail."

If Dale's men fire, your wife will be a widow, Mr. Smith."

At that I wagged my arms and signaled. "No call to get wet. Hold-ups marching to Georgia. Kill man with gun. If you miss, ware Widow Smith. You see if Dale equited and missed, my widow was apt to reproach. So I added, "Allow windage for squirt."

"Dale answered, 'You bet your life I will.'"

Then I swung round facing the cabin, and saw the barrel of my own revolver just peering round the door. By its height from the ground I judged that poor young Ginger was the artist. I wished it had been Bull, for I'd taken a fancy to Ginger.

"Well, gents," says I, "your umbrella is in the hat rack. All aboard for Robbers' Roost, and don't forget the lunch."

Whiskers wanted me into the cabin, but I'd taken a dislike to catgut, so Ginger got orders to shoot me. At that I flared up. "Shoot," says I, "you skulking cowards, scared to show your noses at the door. Hold your off ear, Whiskers. Charge, you curs!"

The chief came first, straight at me, and seemed to climb over my foot on to his nose. Mr. Bull Brooke got hurt on the nose too, and I'd just time to hand the greaser a left hander behind the ear, before I went down on top of Whiskers, and the four of us rolled in a heap. I learned when I was a sailor how to argue.

Then I struggled, dragging my pile of robbers off sideways, so that to keep us covered with the sun, poor Ginger showed his red head in the doorway. It was his life or mine, yet when the shot rang out from across the river, and I saw the lad come crashing to the ground, I felt sort of sick. Of course that shot slackened the grip of the three robbers, so I wrenched loose, struck hard, and jumped high, gaining the north wall of the cabin. When I turned round, our boys across the river were pouring hot lead after the robbers as they dived through the door of the shack. Ginger sprawled dead on the doorstep, and my gun, six paces off, lay in the dust. The robbers were disarmed, and I was free.

"Say, Whiskers," I called, "I want to save your lives, you and the greaser. Come and throw up your hands before you're hurt."

There was no answer. Rocky Mountain outlaws may be mean and bad, but they fight like Americans, and they know how to die. I'd only one way left to force their surrender, and save their lives, so I hustled brushwood, cordwood, coal oil from the shed, piled up the fuel, and got a sulphur match from the bunch in my mind pocket.

"Boys," I called, "Old Brown sort of values this place. It's all the home he's got, and it ain't insured."

No answer.

The little flame lep' up and caught the brushwood, the crackling lifted to a roar, and the robbers must surely know that their time was come, for if they showed at the door they would be shot. I grabbed my gun from the ground to stop our boys from firing. Then I shouted above the noise of the flames. "Come out and throw up your hands!"

They came, poor fellows, and I made them prisoners, marching them down to the ferry.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Troublesome Tower.

She was a good servant, was Jennie, and Mrs. Wanders never wished for better. But in the matter of pictures Jennie was weak. There was one in particular, which showed the leaning tower of Pisa. Every day Mrs. W. hung it straight, and every morning Jennie put it crooked.

So Mrs. W. watched.

"Now, look here, Jennie," she said, "you've hung that picture of the tower crooked again! Just look at it!"

"That's just what I say, mum," returned the domestic dolefully. "Look at it! The only way you can get that silly tower to hang straight is to hang the picture crooked."

Crops on Same Land Far Between.

Though tobacco is the chief product of North Borneo, the land produces but one crop of the product in seven or nine years, with the result that new fields must be cleared every year. After the jungle is cut and burned an army of Chinese coolies is turned on the land with hoes to dig it and prepare it for planting. No plows are used. The young tobacco plants are set out by hand and kept clean with hoes. It is necessary for a tobacco planter to possess thousands of acres of uncultivated land in reserve, and to employ 500 to 1,000 coolies.

Mayor's Pleasant Duty.

A pretty ceremony took place at Newcastle, England, recently, when the customs of "Barge Day" were observed, and the mayor and corporation sailed up the river to "claim the soil" of the Tyne. The great moment of the ceremony is the landing, when the mayor has the delightful, if invidious, privilege of selecting any young lady he places from the assembled crowd and giving her a kiss and a sovereign. The sheriffs also choose a fair lady on whom to bestow a kiss and a gift, and the mayoress is expected to make some useful present to the damsel kissed by his worship.

Make Children Glad.

Let us make children glad with things which they long for and cannot obtain.—John Macpherson.

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Make Children Glad.

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WELL! WELL!



Absent-Minded Professor—Please cancel that order I gave you yesterday for gas fixtures.

Clerk—Why?

Absent-Minded Professor—When I got home my wife reminded me of the fact that our house is lighted with electricity.

## MODERN LITTLE HELPER



"I suppose your little girl is quite big enough now to be a good deal of help to her mother."

"No; she won't be any help to her mother until she can play a better game of bridge."

## VERY SUCCESSFUL



"Do you think his political career has been a success?"

"Yes. He's gone through three terms in the legislature without having to face a grand jury."

## INDICATIONS



"Did you know I was to be your brother-in-law, Jimmy?"

"I suspected it. Sis said she'd slap me if I didn't tell you she was sweet tempered."

## CALLED OFF



The Lover (sotto voce)—Hebbins: I have swallowed de engagement ring!